The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,917 New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1887.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY,

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

"PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
P. VERONA	3710	600	W. J. Webber	11th Feb.
—SIAM	3031	500	W. D. Worcester.	18th "
P. MALWA	2993	500	G. W. Atkinson	25th "
M. KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	E. G. Stead	4th Mar
P. NEPAUL	3336	600	T. J. Alderton	11th "
—ARRAN	3036	520	J. G. Russell	18th "
P. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	25th "
M. TASMANIA	4668	800	C. G. Perrins	1st Apl
P. GANGES	4187	840	R. Stewart	8th "
—SIAM	3726	600	R. Hazelwood	15th "
P. COROMANDEL	4496	800	L. Reeves	22nd "
M. BURMAH	3142	550	W. J. Nantes	29th "
P. PESHAWAR	3800	600	L. H. Moule	6th May.
—SIAM	3041	500	G. L. Brooks	13th "
P. CATHAY	2962	600	E. Ashdown	20th May
				TUESDAY.
M. BENGAL	6702	900	W. B. Andrews	24th May.

The steamers marked P. proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M. via Marseilles. By the latter, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

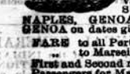
Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	
COROMANDEL	4496	800	E. Reeves	7th Feb.
PESHAWAR	3800	600	L. H. Moule	15th "
ATDAX	2951	500	E. Ashdown	4th March.

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly Reduced Rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, January 6, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	29th "	16th April.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	19th March	1st May.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April	20th "
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th April	10th June.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May	7th July.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey viâ Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BORMIDA	4,000	18th Feb.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 7, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1886
BERENICE	C. Bechtinger	3500	550	16th Feb.
POSEIDON	G. Doucich	4600	600	3rd March.
THISBE	A. Lemessich	3300	450	16th do.
TITANIA	S. Meras	4300	600	1st April.
AMPHITRITE	B. Gelcich	4600	650	7th do.
PANDORA	P. Meras	3500	550	1st May.
ORION	G. Mattiazzi	3000	450	7th do.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 480

Above rates exclude Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 13th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail. 1887.
AMPHITRITE	G. Gelcich	4,600	650	14th Feb.
ORION	G. Mattiazzi	3,500	550	14th March

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

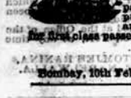
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street,
Bombay, Dec. 16, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.

S.S. VICTORIA.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT; SAILING MARCH 3rd,



ATTENTION is invited to this well-known and favourite passenger steamer of 3,358 tons, sailing punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every comfort for first class passengers only.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 10th February, 1887.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS, BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

MONTHLY LINE of PASSENGER STEAMERS from Calcutta direct to Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all the Ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	On or about	Date of leaving Calcutta.
S.S. SIRSA	2610		About 29th April, 1887.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
January 13, 1887. Agents, Bombay.

CITY LINE OF STEAMER.

THE favourite passenger Steamer CITY OF CANTERBURY, 3,212 tons, Captain A. B. GRAY, will sail for Liverpool on or about the 15th Feb. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins, Baths, Punkhas and every comfort for First Class Passengers. No others carried. Crews entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, Jan. 6, 1886. Agents.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

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ESPLANADE ROAD.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Friday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers, with 8 pages Supplement of English news, in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per annum for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 17, including postage, for the United Kingdom.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 11th Feby., 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on MONDAY, 14th February (on arrival of Outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Jhinder, Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 16th February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on FRIDAY, the 25th February, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 18th March, at 5 p.m.

s.s. HENZADA ..... 2078 tons, on 15th April.
s.s. HUZARA ..... 2078 " " 18th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, February 10, 1887. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any Railway Station in India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey anywhere en route and available by—

ALL TRAINS AND ANY LINE OF STEAMERS.

Through Bookings to London *at lowest rates.* Quotations and every information re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, &c., freely given. Cook's Coupons for nearly 300 Hotels.

Cook's Traveller's Gazette, yearly Subscription Rs. 3, with the Howard Vincent Map of the World (Just published).

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CALCUTTA: 11 Old Court House Street.

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ST. JULIEN MEDOC.

THIS popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."

Price per doz Quarts, Rs. 10-12; pints, Rs. 6.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER.

FOSTER'S VERY PRIME QUALITY.

RECENT Shipments of this DELICIOUS BEVERAGE are further enhancing the character and high reputation obtained by former parcels.

Quarts, per doz. Rs. 7 8
Pints " " 5 0

SOLE AGENTS:
TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CANTERBURY ALE.

(JOHNSON & Co.'s CANTERBURY.)

THIS pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher and Co., at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of alcohol, and possess in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive and tonic properties which should characterize all Beers.

	Cash Price. Rs. As.
Bottles.....per dozen.	6 0
Half-Bottles..... "	4 0

SOLE AGENTS:
TREACHER & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LACE CURTAINS.
LENO CURTAINS.
REP CURTAINS.
CURTAIN RINGS.
CURTAIN HOOKS.
BRASS POLES.
POLE FINIALS.
POLE BRACKETS.
BRASS CORNICES.
CURTAIN HOLDERS.
HOLDER HOOKS.
CURTAIN BORDERINGS.
PURDAH BORDERINGS.
FANCY BRASS NAILS.
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BLIND CORD.
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ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

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A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
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UNDERSIGNED desire the attention of the Nobility and Gentry of Bombay and Mofussils to his unsurpassed collection of Chinese and Japanese Curiosities admirably suited for use and for Wedding and Birthday Presents at Home and in India. Consisting of:—

Best Japanese Porcelain, Satsuma, Kanga Ware &c., &c.

Best Tanjore Ware, Japanese Copper Enamelled and Bronze Ware.

Fine Bamboo and Beads Chicks (Flower and Bird Pattern) very few.

Also Best Ivory and Mother-o'pearl worked Blackwood Cabinets and Panels of all sizes and many other things too numerous to detail.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,
Nos. 44 and 46, Meadow Street, Fort, China Bazar.
POONA, SECUNDERABAD, MADRAS,
BANGALORE AND LAHORE.
Also Mahableswar, Ooctacamund and Simla during the season.

GLENLIVET WHISKY.

THIS well known blend of well matured and Mellow Spirit possesses a mild and delicate flavour, and is considered one of the best Whiskies in the market.

The management have the greatest pleasure in directing customers' attention to their late importations of this well known and much appreciated Spirit, and to announce that they are fully up to the old standard of excellence which obtained for it such a well merited reputation.

It is supplied to upwards of one hundred and twenty Regimental Clubs and Messes.

Price, Rs. 29-8 per doz.

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WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
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CAMP CROCKERY.
Copeland's Celebrated Tableware.
Dishes and Tureens with sunk unbreakable handles.
Plates from Rs. 1-8 per dozen.
Meat Dishes from As. 7 each.
Vegetable Dishes from Re. 1-12 each.

CAMP FURNITURE.
Exceedingly portable and light. Each article opens and closes with one movement.
Stools Rs. 4-8, Chairs Rs. 7-8 & 9-8.
Beds Rs. 29-8, Washstands Rs. 8-8.
Tables Rs. 29.

CAMP LIGHTS.

	Rs. a.
Lantern for Candles in outer tin case with inner tin case for Candles	4 0
Ditto with unbreakable Talc Shades	8 8
P. W. D. Lantern, strongly made, with protecting wires	6 12

PHILLIPS & CO., LD. BOMBAY & POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S INVALID'S PORT WINE,

RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 28-8 Net per dozen Quarts.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsule, and Label.

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SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS, BOMBAY.

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SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN are now in a position to make their First Announcement of Novelties in the above for the Season. The large Variety in Texture, Style and Price, in Ball and Evening Dress Materials of all Descriptions and Inexpensive making up Charming Costumes.

The simplest taste or the most elaborate Toilette can be selected with Fashion and Economy combined

Gauzes, Tulles, Nets and Grenadines from Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 3 per yard, and in the following tones:—Maize, London Smoke, Cream, Light Brown, Straw, Tabac, White, Modore, Swede, Beige, Coral and Black, Striped, Embroidered, Looped, Chenille and Fancy Spots.

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White and Cream open Worts, Silk Crepe from Rs.5.

MILLINERY GAUZES.

In all the Newest Colourings and Patterns from 14 as. to Rs. 2-8 per yard.

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New Linen Silk Embroidered Laces from 9 to 20 inches wide, in Straw Bamboo.

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Price Laces and Edgings to Match in Large Variety from 6 as. to Rs. 3-8 per yard.

These are marked at unusually Low Rates so as to ensure a Ready Sale, all being at Cost Prices only.

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On application, Mr. NEUBERG will be glad to send, post free, his latest Priced Catalogue of

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.—Havannahs, Manillas, Flor de Javas, Veveys, Trichinopolies, Pondicherries, Burmhas, and Coconadas.

TOBACCOS.—Cut and plug, fresh and sweet Mixtures, Bird's Eye, Shag, etc., etc.

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CIGARETTES.—Own manufacture. Mild, Mellow, and Full-Flavored. 14 brands to select from.

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AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE.—Light, strong, and elegant. Drawing, Dining, and Bedroom Chairs, Couches, Rocking and Folding Chairs, Settees, Pier Tables, Teapoys, &c.

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TABLE LINEN, TOWELS, SHIKAR CLOTH, etc., etc. Imported direct from the Manufactory in Europe.

COOKING AND WARMING STOVES.—For Coal, Coke, or Wood; complete with all accessories.

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THE NEW TUNING APPARATUS.

OF the above PIANO with the patent improvement lately introduced by us to the Indian Public under the name of the "NEW TUNING APPARATUS," an esteemed constituent writes unsolicited:—

"The COTTAGE PIANO with the rigid perpendicular stringing arrangement has far exceeded my expectations. I have now had the Instrument in hard use for the last eighteen months, during which time it has been subjected to rough usage by land and sea, extremes of heat and cold, dampness and dryness, the instrument has never been touched with a tuning key, and is now in as perfect condition in all respects as it was when leaving your warehouse. This is almost incredible, but is nevertheless the fact. You are quite at liberty to utilise this communication. Yours truly,

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Kurrachee, January 21, 1887.

FOR CASH, OR ON THE HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM, FOR ONE AND TWO YEARS.

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OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing on exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

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HAVE the pleasure of informing their Local and Mofussil constituents of the arrival of their Felt Hats made Specially to their order, the Newest and most Approved Shapes. Extra light, and grease-proof head Linings.

	Each Rs.
Black Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown	9-8
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Black Stiff Square, High Crown, a Special Hat for tall Gentlemen	
Drab Square Crown do. do	
Drab Stiff Felt, Low Round Crown	
Drab Stiff Felt, Medium Round Crown	
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DRESS HATS.

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Best Silk Plush, Extra Quality	15 8
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AFTER a few applications, Sunburn, Freckles, and Roughness of the Skin disappear; it quickly removes all cutaneous eruptions, and renders the skin soft and white.

Per Bottle, Re. 1.

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KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

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Richmond Cavendish	2 ozs. tins.	0 8
Richmond Gem Mixture, "Mild"	4 "	1 4
Do. "Full"	4 "	1 4
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Do. "Straight Cut"	4 "	1 4
Imperial Bird's Eye	4 "	0 14
Perique Mixture	4 "	1 4

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To be held on the ESPLANADE, BOMBAY,
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Under the Patronage of H. E. the GOVERNOR,
LIEUTENANT-GENERAL H. R. H. the DUKE of CONNAUGHT,
Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army.
H. E. the NAVAL COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF
President of the Tournament,
BRIGADIER-GENERAL C. T. HEATHCOTE, C. B.

Open to the Navy, the Bombay Army, both European and Native, enrolled Volusteers of the British Empire, the Indian Marine, and the Bombay Police.

Donations are asked from the Public, and may be paid to any Member of the Executive Committee, or to the National Bank of India, Limited, Bombay.

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WANTED for the Technical School, Kolhapur, a SUPERINTENDENT. Must have a good knowledge of Carpentery and Mechanical Engineering. Apply stating terms, with copies of testimonials, to
P. SHANNON, B.A., C.E.,
President, Jaysingrao Ghatge Technical School Committee, Kolhapur.
Kolhapur, 3 February 1887.

KAISAR HOSPITAL YUNANI, NUL-BAZAR, BOMBAY.

ENDOWED by HAKIM MOHAMMAD BAKIR YUNANI for CHARITY and established in the JUBILEE YEAR (1887 of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, and during the time of H. E. Lord Dufferin, Viceroy of India, and H. E. Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Here the religious feelings of all castes will be duly respected and the medicines administered are such as will benefit and cure the patient, and are in no way injurious.
HAKIM MOHAMMAD BAKIR YUNANI.
Chinchpogli, Parel Road, Bombay, 7th February, 1887.

THE ALFRED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, BROACH.

NOTICE is hereby given that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 20 per share, being at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum (free of Indian Income Tax) for the half year ending 31st December 1886, has been THIS DAY declared and made payable on and after the 15th February 1887, at the office of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co., Broach or Bombay, to those Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 15th February 1887.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 10th to 15th February 1887, both days inclusive.
By order of the Directors,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
Broach, 9th February, 1887.

NOW READY.
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy .....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, of the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs. 10
Single Copy .....Annas 4

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.
MISCELLANEOUS STORES, COUNTRY PRODUCE.

1. THE Agent is prepared to receive tenders for Miscellaneous Stores of Country Produce for 12 months, commencing from 1st April 1887.
2. Tenders must reach the office of the undersigned before 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY the 7th March 1887 in sealed covers endorsed Tender for supply of Country Produce.
3. The tenderers' schedules with specification and conditions of supply may be had from the Company's Storekeeper at Hotgi on payment of Rs. 2.
I. Metals manufactured and unmanufactured. II. Tools. III. Hardware. IV. Cloths. V. Ropes. VI. Tallow, Soap, &c. VII. Hides, Leather, and Furniture and Glassware. X. Painters' Stores. XI. Chemical. XII. Wicker-work and Bamboos. XIII. Potteries. XIV. Country Stationery. XV. Lamps. XVI. Miscellaneous. XVII. Medical Stores. XVIII. Oils.
4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
5. For further information respecting probable quantities, &c., &c., apply to the Chief Storekeeper, Hotgi.
G. M. STEWART, Agent.
Agent's Office, Dharwar, 1887.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 1 o'clock p. m. (Gun-fire) on TUESDAY, the 1st March 1887, for the purchase of the right of REMOVING SAND from 1st April 1887 to 31st March 1888 from the undermentioned places within Port limits, viz :—
Butchers Island.
Western side of Karanja.
Elephanta.
Trombay.
Talooka Alibag.
No sand to be removed within 100 yards of Pier Pao or Elephanta Piers.
HENRY MORLAND, Capt., I.M.,
Port Officer of Bombay.
Port Office, Bombay, 8th February, 1887.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HAJEE JOOSUB CASSUM, late of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, deceased.
HANIJABAI, the Sister and ZENUBBAI, the widow of the said deceased .....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any Interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness, Sir CHARLES SARGENT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 7th day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-seven, and in the Fiftieth year of our Reign.
J. W. ORR,
Registrar.
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay
L. N. BANAJI,
The 8th day of February 1887.
Messrs. MACFARLANE, EDGELOW & HEMMING,
Petitioners' Attornies.

COOPER, MADON & CO.'S
SPECIAL REMEDIES.

MAGIC CURE FOR ASTHMA—IMMEDIATE RELIEF—PERMANENT CURE.

THIS Preparation is the most certain and speedy remedy for Asthma in full forms, gives immediate relief without fail, if used as directed. It has been tried by many with benefit. Per bot. Re. 1 and 1-12.

GOUT SPECIFIC—Is confidently recommended as a remedy with the best results for the cure of GOUT, RHEUMATIC PAINS, &c. Relieves the PAIN almost immediately and reduces the SWELLING as if by MAGIC. Per bot. Re. 1-8.

HEALTH CORDIAL.—A Preparation used for years with marked success in diseases for which it is intended. It marvellously restores DECLINING HEALTH & lost NERVE & BRAIN POWER. A specific cure for DYSPEPSIA, MENTAL & PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DIMINISHED VITALITY, and ENÆMIC CONDITIONS generally. Excellent results attended the employment of the CORDIAL in treatment of CONVALESCENCE from FEVER and other debilitating diseases. Per bot. Re. 1-4 and 2-4.

IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.—An efficient Preparation now largely prescribed as a BLOOD-PURIFIER. Sufferers from Rheumatism, Skin and other Diseases arising from weak and impoverished Blood will find an unfailing remedy in this compound. Per bot. Rs. 2-4 and 3-12.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that only those Schools can be allowed to take part in the JUBILEE FEAST, the Managers of which send particulars as to numbers of Children, estimated cost per head, &c., on or before SATURDAY next, the 12th February, 1887, to the undersigned.
A. B. PORTMAN, Lt.-Col.,
Secretariat.

THE s. s. "CASTLEFORD" has arrived from GLASGOW and is moored in the stream. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature and to send their boats alongside to take delivery of their respective goods at once, or otherwise they will be landed at the Bunder as customary.
The steamer's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims must be adjusted before the departure of the steamer, or will not be entertained.
WALSH, LOVETT & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, Feb. 10, 1887.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
In the Matter of The Indian Companies Acts 1866 and 1882 and In the Matter of THE KATTIAWAR TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION.)

BY direction of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Farran, Notice is hereby given that THURSDAY, the 31st day of March 1887, has been appointed at 10-30 of the clock in the forenoon in his Chambers in the High Court to make a final call on all the contributories of the said Company, and that the Official Liquidator of the said Company proposes that such call shall be for Rupees three thousand per share. All persons interested are entitled to attend at such day, hour and place, to offer objections to such call.—Dated this 10th day of February, 1887.
WINTER AND BURDER,
Attornies for the Official Liquidator.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO.'S
JUBILEE BALLOON
will make its first ascent on
16th February 1887,
from Rampart Row.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
ACCURATE. CHEAP.
The Waterbury Watch
Strong. Handsome.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
DURABLE. KEYLESS.
The Waterbury Watch
Guarantee for one year.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
Repaired by the Company.
Charge four Annas to one Rupee,
and never more.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
No more long bills from Watch Repairers.
The Waterbury Watch.
Correct time for little money.

THE WATERBURY WATCH
May be obtained from
SOONDY & Co., Ld.

THE WATERBURY WATCH C
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay,
Look out for the
JUBILEE BALLOON.

BAY ARAB, 15-1, Saddle or Harness. Showy action. BENNETT'S AUCTION, SATURDAY.

TO BE SOLD at Bennett's on Saturday, a strong Grey GALLOWAY, 14 hands, 9 years old. Has been ridden by a lady ; believed sound.

A MARRIED COUPLE or Single Gentleman, wishing for a change to Bandora for five or six weeks, can be accommodated by applying to O. K., Office of *Bombay Gazette*.

THE VICTORIAN JUBILEE, price One Rupee, a Portrait of the Queen in Chro Litho, 20 by 15 ; also an account of her adventures. PALLONJEE, Confectioner, Elphinstone Circle.

EDWARDS' SENSITIVE PAPER in hermetically sealed Tin Cylinders of 1 Quire each. Just landed, ex s.s. Verona.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES have won highest awards, gold medals, silver cups, &c., &c. For cash or option of purchase, 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL.

WANTED 36 Second-hand IRON PILLARS or POSTS, 12 feet long. Apply by letter to Mr. N. N. KHAREGOT, Trinity Lane, Bombay.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, by SINA.—A paper on the introduction of representative institutions in India. 8 annas ; postage, 1 anna.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations. Situated in a quiet locality. Large airy Rooms.

VARNISHES, White Lead, White Zinc, Ground Paints, and Dry Colours. WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, 1, Dean Lane.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soondy and Co., Rampart-row.

TURN OUT FOR SALE.—Mail-Phaeton and pair Arab Horses with Harness. All stable requisites. Further particulars. "Apply F. M." Bombay Club.

NOTES on a VISIT to SOMNATH GIRNAR and other places in KATTYWAR. By J. BURGESS M. R. A. S., F. R. G. S. Re. 1 ; postage, 1 anna.

ONLY FEW COPIES LEFT of Guzerati Version of Col. Meadows Taylor's Tara (illustrated) Apply at *Dufter Ashkara* Press, or at the Booksellers.

WANTED First Volume of the *Bombay Samachar*. Liberal price given for a complete set. Communicate with Enquirer, care of this Office.

ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS, Stylishly cut and well made, from Rs. 14-8 to 25. S B Coat and Trousers, Y. A. LACKA & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, Fort, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1887. Price, Rs. 5 ; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

£6,466,527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year, 4549,974-10-10 Stg.

MATHERAN—GRAND VIEW HOTEL, recently built occupies most central and commanding position. It is near the Gymkhana, Church, &c. Each bedroom has bath and dressing rooms attached.

BOMBAY RACES, 1887.—Early application for places to the Carriage Enclosure should be made to LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., from whom Tickets for Admission to the Grand Stand can also be obtained.

FOR Thomson and Mylne's SUGARCANE MILLS, BULLOCK GEARS, and other Agricultural and Industrial MACHINES and IMPLEMENTS. Apply to N. H. PATUCK, Glider Street, Falkland Road.

"ANGOLA SUITS," superior finish, cut, and style, from Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 100-0. Send post card for samples and self-measurement forms to the CASH BAZAAR, Ld, Gent's Outfitters, 23, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED.—Scotch Mauds, Austrian Rugs, Railway Rugs, Red, White and Blue Witney Blankets. All of the very best quality and at most moderate prices.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow-street.

WANTED AN EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN CUTTER for a first class Tailoring Establishment at Madras. Salary according to qualifications, Apply to MOSES and Co., Civil and Military Tailors, Mount Road, Madras.

NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS, Wonderland Esplanade, Native Shapes and Designs, Medals Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1883-84. Address Head Clerk, Pottery Works, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

LADIES' Tailor made Ulsters, Riding Habits, New Market Coats, &c., made and fitted to present style of our new clothes just imported. Estimates and patterns free.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Rampart-row, Bombay.

CARRIAGE TIMEPIECE.—Lever movement, going one position, ornamental front, glass sides, height 6½ inches, breadth 5 inches, diameter of dial 3½ inches, Rs. 14 with alarm, Rs. 15 striking.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

INDIAN JEWELLERY, Curiosities, Chinese and Indian Curtains, Purdahs, Palempoch, Footkerries, Carpets, Indian Works of Art, &c., &c., Inspection invited.—HEERJEE MULL & Co., Rampart Row and Meadow Street, Fort.

GENUINE OIL PAINTINGS and Works of Art taken from Carte-de-visite photos to life size pictures. Orders received and samples to be seen at Mrs. Neuman's Baby Linen Warehouse, No. 35, Meadow Street, Bombay.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS GUIDE.—Issued on the first of every month, containing TIME and FARE TABLES of RAILWAY, STEAM, and DAK COMPANIES, with all Information for travellers in India, with COLOURED MAP of INDIA. Annas 8. annual Subscription Rs. 5. Postage free.

MUFFINS, in time for afternoon Tea.—PEARSE, Apollo Street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, TREASURY, &c.
Under instruction from Thomas Lidbetter, Esq., Joint Official Liquidator of the Parell Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, in Liquidation, the undersigned will sell by public auction at their sale rooms No. 4, Forbes and Meadows Streets, Fort, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p. m., consisting of iron safe by T. Withers and Sons, Office tables, chairs, benches, whatnot, cupboard, screens, copying press on stand, shroff box, inkstand, candle shades, &c., &c.
Also by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and in re Ahmedbhai Cassambhai Khoja, lately carried on business in partnership with Sha Doolubdass Trecumjee, under the name of A. Doolubdas and Co., as dealers in piece-goods [Insolvent] consisting of few pieces and cut pieces of chints and cretonne.
Also by order of the concerned—English brass and teakwood coils, books, sewing machine, pictures, ornamented saddle, &c.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, February 11, 1887.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Hajee Dada Abba—
W L and Co. 334—1-10—10 casks each 5 cwt. caustic soda.
On account and at the risk of the first purchaser Dayal Mooljee—
12 cases Gypsy tobacco.
AT 1 30 P.M.
1 Handsome strong square-shaped landau in very good order.
1 Second-hand strong buggy.
1 Self-driving strong phaeton.
1 Bay Arab galloway, 14 hands, 5 years old, quiet in harness.
1 handsome strong country-made mail phaeton, convertible into a waggonette, with handsome strong flea-bitten grey Arab horse and harness.
1 handsome English-built park phaeton with moveable coach box and handsome grey Arab, late the property of Mr. Mitchell.
1 strong Bombay-built victoria.
1 very handsome single-seated glass fronted brougham, in perfect condition.
1 pair of handsome silver grey Arabs, quiet in double and single harness.
4 handsome strong young Persian horses, belonging to different dealers proceeding to their native country.
1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, 15-1 hands, quiet to ride and drive.
1 handsome grey Arab galloway, 14 hands, 9 years old, and has been ridden by a lady.

On MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at the tent No. 15, Stranger's Line, near the Bandstand, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, handsome Hink's patent duplex table and hanging kerosine lamps, first-rate oleographs, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, &c. &c.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

Auction Sale of very valuable landed estate known as "Bambhoodra Estate," Kihim, near Alibaugh.
On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, (unless previously disposed of by private treaty) sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the present owner, the Bambhoodra Estate, Kihim, near Alibaugh. The property measures about 75,000 square yards more or less with 2,000 cocoanut trees, 100 mango and pummelow and a large number of casuarina trees, it is well hedged round and there are four wells on the premises. There is also a pucka built bungalow close to the seaside, containing seven rooms, furnished throughout. A bullock dimnay and a pair of Surat bullocks, five water bullocks, a large number of vinegar vats and a license for making vinegar, the whole of which will be sold in one lot to the highest bidder.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

ON COMMISSION SALE.
1 field service tent, weighing 80 lbs.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, February 11, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY'
7, MARINE-STREET.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY the 11th inst., at 4 p.m Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, Darookhana, by order of Mr. Meeramull Shewbux—
100 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes.
In lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SQUARES.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder by order of Mr. Meeramull Shewbux 75 tons superior teak squares in lots to suit purchasers.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nesbitt-way 11th Lane, near Grant-road, opposite the late Theatre Royal Building in the bungalow lately in the occupation of Mr. Dhunjeebhoy Byramjee Rana, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, 1, 2, 3, and 4 light kerosine oil hanging lamps, handsome pier glasses in gilt frames, Brussels and velvet hall carpets, Hink's patent duplex table lamps, glass and crockery ware, handsome oleographs, China flowervases, table ornaments, &c. The same comprises plain glassware, breakfast cups and saucers, small and large plates, plated ice pitcher, spoons and forks, cruet and pickle frames, round waiters, cutlery, reading lamp, wire dish covers, French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as dining, drawing-room, pier, writing and dressing tables, gilt pier tables with pier glasses and marable tops, conversation and sofa couches, cot, whatnots, marble topped round table and teapoys, chiffonier, hatstand blackwood and teakwood bedsteads, camp cots, wardrobe with mirror glass doors, clothes horse, dressing and chevel glasses, spoons and double screens, chest of drawers, reclining couch, invalid chair with cushion, glass door cupboards, small sideboard drawing room, easy reclining folding and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, table and hanging duplex lamps, handsome large size flower vases, table ornaments, Brussels and Cambay carpets, oleographs, bath and dispense room furniture, garden plants, &c., &c.
The property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND ON PALLI HILL, NEAR BANDORA.
On SUNDAY, the 13th inst., at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned pieces of land on Palli Hill, near Bandora.
LOT No. 1.
A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 6000 square yards or thereabouts and situate on the Palli Hill and bounded on the East by public Road, on the West by the hilly ground and garden of Domingos Alex de Silva, on the South by the ground of Tapidass Varjidass, and on the North by the Ground of Francisco de Souza and Ardeseer Wadia.
LOT. No. 2.
A piece of ground containing by admeasurement 3000 square yards or there-bouts and situate on the road leading from Palli to Malla and bounded on the East by the bank of Palli Tank, on the West and South by the ground of Eugenio Gonsalves and others, and on the North by the road leading from Palli to Malla.
LOT. No. 3.
2 Pieces of ground containing by admeasurement 1600 square yards or thereabouts.
For particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

FINAL AUCTION SALE
of
READY-MADE CLOTHES
for
LADIES, GENTLEMEN & CHILDREN
at
No. 20, Church Gate Street, Fort.
Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions from Mr. Louis Siracch to sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p. m.
A large stock of ready-made clothes consisting of gentlemen's complete suits, dress coats, frock coats, morning coats, trousers and overcoats, boys' and children's suits, overcoats and trousers of every description, ladies' ulsters, mantles and mantlets, necktie shoes, slippers, &c.
Property on view on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd instant, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 7 p.m.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, February 11, 1887.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.
PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Shipowners in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.
For list of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE!
Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO.,
LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY
CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,
Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full remmittance.

CARIMBHOY JEEWAJEE,
GENERAL MERCHANT.
SUPPLIER OF PUBLIC WORKS, MUNICIPALITY AND RAILWAY REQUISITES.
CARPENTERS', ENGINEERING, & SMITHS' TOOLS
RULES—BOX, IVORY, AND STEEL.
TAPES—METALLIC, LINEN, AND STEEL.
LEVELS—WOOD, BRASS, AND IRON.
CHUBB'S PADS AND BOXES LOCKS
GARDEN IMPLEMENTS AND PUMPS.
HOLLOWARE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS.
&c., &c., &c.,
DOOR FIXTURES AND FASTENINGS, IN ALL VARIETIES.
10, LOHAR CHAWL, BOMBAY.

THE JUBILEE ILLUMINATIONS.

LANDLORDS, HOUSEHOLDERS, SHOPKEEPERS, AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL ARE WARNED OF THE
GREAT RISK FROM FIRE
THEY ARE UNDERGOING BY
NOT PROVIDING THEMSELVES
WITH THE
HARDEN STAR HAND GRENADE
WHICH IS USED THROUGHOUT
ENGLAND, CANADA, AND THE UNITED STATES, AND IS ALSO LARGELY PATRONISED BY
RAILWAY COMPANIES AND OTHER PUBLIC BODIES IN INDIA.
THE FOLLOWING IS AN
UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL FROM MR. WILLIAM WHITELEY,
the "Universal Provider."

SIR,—Having investigated "the merits of the various FIRE EXTINGUISHERS now in the Market, I have "decided to adopt your HAND GRENADES for the protection of my business premises in Westbourne Grove "and Queen's Road. I calculate about 70 dozen will be necessary, and I will thank you to send this quantity "with wire baskets, to contain three each, early as possible.—I am, Sir, Yours obediently,—WILLIAM "WHITELEY."
THE MADRAS AND TINNEVELLY DISASTERS WOULD HAVE BEEN AVERTED HAD THE HARDEN STAR HAND GRENADE BEEN PROMPTLY USED.

PRICE Rs. 30 PER CASE OF ONE DOZEN.
SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA :
JAMES CROWDER,
2, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
COLD SEASON REQUISITES.

WE have a SPECIAL SELECTION in all Departments for this season eminently calculated to meet the requirements of our Mofussil and Homeward Bound constituents comprising the following :—
REAL SCOTCH TARTAN MAUDS, CORRECT DESIGNS.
REAL SCOTCH MAUDS, FANCY CHECKS, NEAT AND DURABLE PATTERNS.
REAL SCOTCH MAUDS, SMALL PATTERNS, TWEED MAKE.
VENETIAN RUGS (a Speciality.)
WARM RUGS, ALL WOOL GUARANTEED.
QUILTED PAISLEY DRESSING GOWNS.
TWEED AND FLANNEL DRESSING GOWNS.
WARM FELT DRESSING GOWNS.
EIDER DOWN QUILTS, &c. &c.
WOOL SHIRTS, SLEEPING SUITS AND UNDERCLOTHING.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY & SECUNDERABAD.

NOW READY.

[*TWELFTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.*]

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1887.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; WITH POSTAGE Rs. 5-4 ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillin

The GUIDE and DIRECTORY for the year 1887 has been carefully revised and corrected up to date. The information contained in this Guide is compressed so as to bring it within the limits of a handy volume. It is however sufficiently full and comprehensive for all practical purposes ; nothing being omitted that would be likely to be of use either to the passing traveller or the permanent resident.

Great pains have been taken to ensure accuracy of the names and addresses given in the Directory.

AGENTS IN LONDON:
Messrs. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill E. C.
Messrs. TRUBNER & Co., Ludgate Hill, City.
Mr. P. S. King, Canada Buildings, King St., Whitehall
Messrs. W. H. SMITH and Co., Strand.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4 ; and the only trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.
It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.
The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE,
Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eye brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires strength showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

BEWARE OF VILE IMITATIONS.—*NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS* every Bottle bears the British Government Stamp with the words DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, London, England, engraved thereon. The great Popularity of DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has raised up Miserable Imitations in India and the Colonies, made up from cheap, useless Drugs by Ignorant Pretenders. See that the above words are on the Government Stamp before you purchase, and thus avoid dangerous consequences by the use of Spurious imitations.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element Phosphorous, "*the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself ;*" and kindles afresh the Fire of Life from the Sole of the Foot to the Crown of the Head.
The unequalled Curative Properties of this Preparation has spread its fame throughout every Nation and Country in the World as the only medicine of real efficacy for Renovating Broken-down Constitutions. Restoring the fullest and most Vigorous Conditions of Robust Health and Manhood under every circumstance, and at very age, by nourishing, fertilising, and developing all the powers of every necessary part of the human organisation, thus ensuring a sound and permanent restoration of the impaired organs wherever a deficiency of natural vigour has for years existed, so that all the duties of life may be pursued with Confidence and Pleasure.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.
Thousands of unimpeachable Testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities, prove conclusively the verdict universal that in the world of scientific research no other Phosphoric Preparation has received such exalted praise and distinguished recognition.
The very remarkable cures effected by Dr. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has induced numbers of Physicians to prescribe and use it in their own families, and in several of the London Hospitals.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
Is sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d and 11s., by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.
Full Printed Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above Diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
LABORATORY.
HAM PSTEAD, LONDON, N. W.

AGENTS—TREACHER & CO.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE.
A 10 HORSE-POWER Nominal Improved High Pressure PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE by Messrs. MARSHALL, SONS and Co., Gainsborough. Heavy Fly Wheel 5 ft. 7 ins. diameter, fitted with Bartnell's Patent Automatic Expansion Gear and Greaham's Patent Injector. For further particulars apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY, Royal Bombay Yacht Club.

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTIONS for the "JUBILEE SCHOOL FEAST" are invited. Amounts however small will be received with thanks, and may be sent to the Undersigned at the Secretariat or to H. W. BARROW, Esq., Municipal Offices. The names of all Donors will be published in the local papers.
A. B. PORTMAN, Lieut.-Col.,
In charge of special arrangements for Jubilee School Feast.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
I HAVE THIS DAY REMOVED my OFFICE to Nos. 9 and 10, Marine Street, opposite the Bank of Bombay.
F. W. SHAILLS.
Bombay, February 1, 1887.

TO LET
THE PREMISES commonly known as the "INDO BRITISH INSTITUTION" in New Sonapoor. They will be let in portion as may be considered suitable. Full particulars can be ascertained by reference to the Undersigned.
ADAMJEE PEERBHOY,
Parel Road, Old Imambara, No. 18.

NOTICE.
THE NEW PRINCE OF WALES SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).
NOTICE is hereby given that an ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the New Prince of Wales Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited (in Liquidation) will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 3, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, at 3 p.m., on SATURDAY the 12th day of February 1887, for the purpose of transacting business left unfinished at the last Meeting held on 5th February 1887.
Bombay, dated the 5th day of February 1887.
BERAMJI MADROOL,
Liquidator.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.
PATENT ROOFING TILES, made on the most modern and approved principle, cheaper, lighter, more durable, and in every way possessing advantages over any others in the market, and a considerable saving in coverine space.
From their exactitude in make and fit there is no possibility of leakage. Purchasers can always rely upon their requirements being promptly supplied.
Also, Machine-made bricks of best quality.
For full particulars and prices apply to
THE INDIAN TILE COMPANY,
78, Tamarind Lane (opposite the Cathedral

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission rate, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yards. Single, Rs. 15 ; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the INDIAN GUARANTEE and SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, will be held at No. 9, Elphinstone Circle, on SATURDAY, the 12th proximo, at 3 p.m.
1. To receive Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1886.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director and Auditor.
4. To transact any other Business that may be brought before the Meeting.
By Order of the Board of Directors.
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Secretary.
Bombay, 25th January, 1887.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.—JUBILEE DAY.
ADDITIONAL TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALYA

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Departure of English Mail, Evening.
Band, R. Y. R., Gymkhana, 5 p.m.
Band, R. Y. Regt., Yacht Club, 5-30 p.m.
Monthly Meeting, B. B. R. A. Society, 5-30 p.m.
Band, H. E. the Governor's, Esplanade, 6 p.m.
Annual Meeting, Y. M. C. A., 8-30 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 9th:—Singapore (s), from Genoa. Yesterday:—Ethiopia (s), from Calcutta; and Yacht Sunbeam, Karachi.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Bhownagar (s), for Bhownagar; Kistna (s), San Francisco; Africa (s), Coast and Calcutta; Bangalore (s), Chittagong; and Maulkin Tower (s), Naples and Palermo.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Singapore entered the dock on Wednesday; the s.s. Kaiser-i-Hind and Inchlonga left it yesterday.

B. B. R. A. SOCIETY.—At a meeting of the Society to be held to-day, at 5-30 p.m., Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar will read a paper on the Congress of Orientalists held at Vienna in September last.

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE POLICE.—The next examination in connection with the Police department will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, April 13, at 11 a.m. Officers intending to present themselves should send in their names to the Committee before March 20.

ACCIDENTAL BURNS.—An old Mahomedan woman, living at Purbadeie Road, Lower Mahim, whilst sitting at a fireplace cooking her meals on Wednesday, her saree accidentally caught fire, and she was severely burnt about the body. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

A CONVICTED GOVERNMENT SERVANT.—Narayan Gopal Khote, Talati of mauze Umbrale, taluka Bassein, in the Thana Collectorate, having been convicted under section 318 of the Indian Penal Code, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.—*Government Gazette*

THE CATHOLIC JURISDICTION IN SECUNDERABAD.—We hear that there is likely to be some disagreement between the Goa community of Secunderabad and the Roman Catholic authorities in regard to the closing of the Goa chapel, which, it is said, his Lordship Bishop Caprotti has requested should now be done.—*Deccan Times.*

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—An interesting gathering is to take place this evening at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, on the occasion of the annual general meeting of the members of that association and their friends. Several addresses are to be given by members and others connected with the association, and the meeting promises to be a largely attended one.

THE YACHT SUNBEAM.—This well-known pleasure boat, owned and commanded by Lord Brassey, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday afternoon from Karachi. It will be remembered that she first came here after a cruise in the Indian seas, in the early part of last month, and subsequently preceded the I. M. steamer Tenasserim to Karachi, where Lord Brassey met Lord Reay to go on the Sind tours. The Sunbeam left Karachi for Bombay on the 8th.

MUSIC AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the B. V. Rides at the Gymkana, this evening, at 5 o'clock:—

Overture	Romantique	Keller Bella
Valse	The Old Lock	G. Lamothe
Cavatina Chorus	Il Bivacco	Petrella
Quadrille	Merry England	W. Williams
Masurka	Entre Nous	C. Faust

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the R. Y. Regiment at the Yacht Club this evening at 5-30:—

March	Ye Shepherds Tell me	Murlock.
Overture	Light Cavalry	Suppé.
Gavotte	Le Charme	Le Thiere.
Ballet	William Tell	Rosini.
Waltzer	Veaus Reigen	Gung'l.
Turkish Patrol		Michaelis.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of H. E. the Governor at the Esplanade bandstand this evening at 6 o'clock:—

Quadrille	Lieder	Siewert.
Overture	Le Serment	Auber.
Selection	Bocaccio	Suppé.
Selection	The Pirates of Penzance	Sullivan.
Valse	Visions d'Amour	Delbruck.
Polka	The Colonel	Hervé.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MR. JUSTICE WEST AND THE EURASIANS.—Our own community has not passed scathless through the evidence laid before the Commission. Mr. Justice West said Eurasians did not show a capacity beyond a fitness for clerkships, though he was kind enough to say they were "dabe" at that. The learned gentleman has come to a wrong conclusion simply because the terms of his syllogism were incorrect, he has been misled by colour. I know scores of people in this and the other presidencies who have raised themselves to honourable positions above those of clerks who are unquestionably Eurasians, but who, if you were to tell them so, would discard the very notion. This is vain, but, looking to all the circumstances of the present state of opinion as regards Eurasians, natural. This class is fairly large and has escaped Mr. Justice West's attention.—*Anglo Indian Advocate.*

SALE OF STALLS AND REFRESHMENT BUFFETS FOR THE FAIR.—Mr. Murzban, the Executive Engineer, yesterday afternoon auctioned the stalls and refreshment buffets for the fair which is to be held on the Esplanade on the 16th, and which lasts till the 21st inst. Among the conditions under which the stalls and buffets were let, one was that no smoking would be allowed in or near the stalls, and another, that no exposed lights would be allowed in or near the shops. There was a large crowd of confectioners and petty shopkeepers who attended the auction, and the bidding was brisk in most cases. The refreshment buffets, of which there were four, fetched good prices, ranging from Rs. 155 to Rs. 230, and were bought by the more prominent of the local refreshment contractors. The other stalls went for fairly good prices, varying from Rs. 5 to Rs. 130, according to the good or bad sites on which the shops were erected.

A FEMALE THIEF.—Goona, woman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee upon two separate charges, the one of theft of a gold nose ring, valued Rs. 3-8, the property of Gopi, woman, from her house in a chawl at Byculla about a fortnight ago, and the other of criminal breach of trust in respect of a gold bead nosk ornament, valued Rs. 3-4, belonging to Gassee, woman. The accused obtained the gold nosk ornament as a loan on the pretext of wearing it at a wedding ceremony, whereas she went and pledged the article with a Marwaree, from whom it was recovered by the police, who also found the gold ornament pledged by the accused with the same Marwaree, and which she had stolen about a fortnight ago. Accused pleaded guilty to both charges, and was sentenced to an accumulated term of two months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of January 1887:—

		Rs. 100 Prizes.	Ans.	Nos.
Lavender Line,	Down		1	314335
Special	do. Up		1	307334
		Rs. 10 Prizes.		
Green Line,	Up		2	068220
Yellow Line	Down		2	072241
Do.	Down		2	077646
Brown Line,	Down		14	070650
Red Line,	Down		1	192655
Do.	Down		1	212139
Blue Line,	Up		1	314549
Lavender Line,	Do.		1	306846
Do.	Down		1	318374
Do.	Do.		1	324363
Do.	Do.		1	318443
Special Line,	Down		1	045548
Green Line,	Up		1	043680
Special Line,	Up		1	125883
Do.	Up		1	120388

GRAEFENBERG CATHOLICON.

An infallible remedy for all FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Cures WEAKNESS, NERVOUSNESS, and GENERAL DEBILITY. This remarkable preparation is the only reliable remedy for the distressing diseases of women. Sold by

Price, Rs. 3-12 per bottle.

Many leading Physicians are using this Medicine in their Practice.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following are the Bombay Presidency Season Reports for the week ending the 5th instant:—

Karachi.—Rain at Johi, 7 cents. River at Kotri on 7th, 3 feet 10 inches, against 6 feet on same date last year. Rabi crops injured by frost in Tatta and Sujawal talukas. Fever in nine and cattle-disease in 4 talukas. Wheat, red rice and bajri in Karachi 24, 30 and 32, and Sehwan 28, 38 and 40, respectively.

Shikarpur.—Rabi crops flourishing. Cold severe, nights frosty. Small-pox in five and cattle-disease in four talukas. Rice, wheat, and jowari in Shikarpur 20, 23½ and 42, Sukkur 20, 26 and 40, and Larkhana 20, 36 and 42 pounds per rupee, respectively.

Hyderabad.—Kharif harvesting still continues; rabi cultivation in good condition. River at Kotri on 7th 3 feet 10 inches against 6 feet on same date last year. Fever in four talukas. Weather very cold. Prices of grain steady.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Severe frosts injuring mustard crops. Cattle-disease in Shahdadpur and Kashmor talukas.

Ahmedabad.—Standing crops good. Public health good. Wheat 28 and bajri 33 pounds per rupee.

Panch Mahals.—Rabi crops good; cold in Halol beneficial to rabi; sugarcane good in Halol. Public health good. Bajri 43, wheat 22, and maize 60 pounds.

Kaira.—Cotton, tobacco, wheat, and "tuwar" somewhat damaged by frost in Mehmadabad, Nadiad, Borsad and Anand talukas. Weather very cold. Public health good. Bajri 36, wheat 23, and rice 23½ pounds.

Broach.—Standing crops good. Rice 21, bajri 29, jowari 32 pounds.

Surat.—Cotton slightly damaged in some places in Bardoli and Chorasi talukas; other crops good. Fever in Bardoli taluka. Jowari 41 and nagli 46 pounds.

Khandesh.—Weather cool. Wheat crops slightly suffered at places from high breeze; other crops good. Ague in six and small-pox in seven talukas. Wheat 30 pounds 6 tolas, and bajri 42 pounds 12 tolas.

Nasik.—Weather very cold. Crops thriving. Public health good. Measles and cattle-disease to a certain extent in the Sinnar taluka. Wheat 25½, bajri 36 29-40, and rice 20 33-40 pounds per rupee.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 1° cool on 2nd, 1° warm on 3rd, fell to 5° cool by 5th, 4° cool on 6th and 7th, and 6° cool on 8th. Vapour in air normal from 2nd to 4th, in defect of normal on 5th and 6th, and largely defective on 7th and 8th. Wind northerly from 6th to 8th, and normal on all other days.

Thana.—Rabi crops good. Fever in seven talukas and cattle-disease in two. Second sort rice 22 pounds.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 7th instant). —Slight fever in Alibag, Pen, Panvel, and Roha talukas; cattle-disease in Roha, Panvel, Mangaon, and Mahad talukas. Rabi crops fair. Rice second sort 25 pounds 15 tolas, and tur dal second sort 19 pounds 25 tolas per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Winter crops good.—Slight fever in two, dysentery in one, and slight cattle-disease in four talukas; general health good. Nagli 21-12, vari 18-27, and rice 12-57.

Poona.—Wheat, gram, and jowari slightly injured by blight in places in Khed, Purandhar, Bhimthadi, Haveli and Maval talukas; in the rest of the talukas, rabi crops are doing well; reaping has commenced in Junnar, Indapur, and Bhimthadi talukas; thrashing of rice almost completed in Peta Mulshi. Public health generally good; slight cattle-disease in Indapur and small-pox in Haveli taluka. Bajri 44 and jowari 59 pounds in the district, and bajri 37 and jowari 48 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Reaping of early rabi commenced; wheat, gram, and linseed injured. Slight cattle disease in Karjat. Bajri average 57 and jowari 67 pounds.

Sholapur. Linseed, gram, kardi, cotton, and wheat crops blighted in places; reaping of rabi crops commenced in Pandharpar, Sangola, and Malsiras talukas. Public health good. Jowari 72 and bajri 54½ pounds.

Satara.—Rabi and cotton crops doing well, except in Karad, Valva, and Satara, where they have been slightly injured by blight and insects. Cattle-disease in two villages near Satara and others in Jawli. Public health very good. Bajri 45-12 and jowari 48-12.

Bijapur.—Rabi (jowari) reaping in progress; gram middling; cotton suffering from blight in places; linseed and wheat blighted. Slight ague in Badami. Jowari 67 and bajri 58.

Belgaum.—Wheat and gram being reaped; cotton in boll. Jowari 49 and bajri 52 pounds per rupee.

Dharwar.—Reaping of rice and early jowari nearly completed, that of wheat and gram commenced; indigenous cotton generally good; exotic cotton blighted in seven talukas. Slight fever in seven talukas; cattle-disease in Ranebennur taluka. Rice 25 3-8 and jowari 59½ pounds per rupee.

Kanara.—Second crop doing well. Strong sea breezes. Slight cattle-disease in one and fever in four talukas. Rice, common, Karwar and district, average 12 cots per rupee.

Rajkot.—Weather cold. Wheat crops are blighted in some place in Halar. Prevailing disease, fever and measles; small-pox in Gondal. Wheat and bajri 25, and jowari 34 pounds.

Wadhwan—Weather cold. General health good. Cotton crop 12 to 14 annas. Bajri 33, jowari 36 and wheat 26 pounds per rupee.

Baroda.—Public health good. Small-pox continues in Kathor of Navsari division. Crops in good condition. Bajri 28, wheat 18, and rice 15.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN AND THE ENGLISH LADIES IN INDIA.

WHATEVER may be said as to the way in which Lady Dufferin's Fund is being raised in this country—and we have from time to time written very outspokenly on the subject, and we may have still more to say on it—we cannot be too thankful to her Excellency the Countess of Dufferin for the interest she has evinced in the well-being of our countrywomen. Lady Dufferin is the first lady in the land, and if all Anglo-Indian ladies showed the same sympathetic interest in the condition of the native population, much would be done to promote the growth of a more friendly feeling between the European and Asiatic races in India, and to lay the foundations of the Empire deeper. Rightly considered, it is, after all, the Anglo-Indian ladies who really rule the Indian Empire. For who are the Captains' Captains, but the wives of our Anglo-Indian officials from the Viceroy downwards? If those ladies be always duly disposed towards the Indian people, we have no doubt a better state of things will grow up in India, and more satisfactory relations will be established between the dominant race and the subject-population. Sympathy is generally reciprocal. The more it is given, the more it will be returned. We are glad to find that Lady Dufferin's example in the present instance has been followed by the wives of our Provincial Governors and Lieutenant-Governors in India. Lady Reay especially is showing a keen interest in the female medical relief movement. Lady Grant Duff threw herself into it with a more marked degree of zeal. If Lady Dufferin, by her noble example, can induce all Anglo-Indian ladies to take as much interest in the condition of Indian women as she is doing, she will assuredly render a real service not only to India, but also to her Queen and country.—*Indian Mirror.*

THE PRIMROSE LADIES.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing Jan. 17th, says:—In the Primrose League, and there, are to be found the seeds of all the trouble which has convulsed political parties and focussed the attention of the world for the past three weeks. Lady Randolph Churchill, as everyone knows, has been one of the most indefatigable of the grand dames whose untiring energy and electioneering talents have confessedly accomplished so much in the last few years for the Tory cause. In fact it would not be much of an exaggeration to say that the wife of the late Chancellor of the Exchequer has occupied very much the same position in the Primrose League as Lord Randolph has occupied in the Tory party. Nor, does the analogy between their respective positions stop here. The Primrose League as well as the Tory party, boast of an "old gang" by whose undisguised hostility Lady Randolph found herself confronted at every point. The leadership of this "old gang" was held by Lady Salisbury, to whom the growth of the Churchill influence was said to have been as gall and wormwood. This little strife had been gradually assuming very alarming proportions when Lord Randolph resigned, and we are asked to believe that his difference with Lord Salisbury is attributable to Lady Randolph's resentment at the action of Lady Salisbury and the "old gang" of the Primrose League. It is quite intelligible that, especially in the case of Lady Salisbury, whose influence it is said must always be taken into account as a prime factor in calculating the probable accion of Lord Salisbury, the inharmonious condition of affairs in the Primrose League may have served to aggravate not a little the state of the relation between the Prime Minister and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It is exceedingly regrettable that the Ministerial explanations must be judged without the light that would be thrown on the events to which they are due if Lady Salisbury and Lady Randolph had only an opportunity of giving their version of what has actually taken place.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 69, Farringdon road, London.

SIR C. M. MACGREGOR'S JOURNEY THROUGH KHORASSAN.

As a traveller the late Sir Charles Macgregor attained a distinguished rank by his journey through Khorassan in 1875. As the compiler of the Gazetteer on Central Asia he probably at that time possessed as great a knowledge of the region as any officer, and his journey verified and corrected his information, and rendered him one of the first authorities on the geography of the border regions of Persia and the Turkoman steppes. Colonel Macgregor, as he then was, proposed originally to ride from India through the intervening country to Russia, but the design was never realized.

In the first place an order existed against officers entering Afghanistan at all—an order which by the way still remains in force. The explanation of this was that the Ameer refused to hold himself responsible for the safety of any European traveller, and the English Government, to avoid complications, did its best to prevent officers penetrating into the country. Thanks to this, MacGregor, instead of riding straight from his station on the Indian frontier to Meshed, a distance of a thousand miles, had to pursue a roundabout route by sea, involving a journey of six thousand miles. "I may be asked," he says, "why I did not like Burnes, risk the danger of the shorter route, and I can only give the answer which would be given by scores of my brother officers, among whom the spirit to dare and the heart to do is as strong as ever it was in the days of old. I would gladly have risked all that Afghan cut-throats could have done to me, but one cannot deliberately disobey orders."

MacGregor proceeded down country to Bombay, and thence, on the 26th of March, 1875, went by sea to Bushire, near the head of the Persian Gulf. Having recently left his wife, the sixteen days' voyage with no companions on board was a miserable one to a desolate man, and he was glad to get on shore again—any land even the wilderness at Bushire being more lively to him than the restless interminable sea. MacGregor's 3,000 miles ride commenced at Bushire, his route running direct to Herat, thence to Meshed, Sarakhs, and along the Perso-Turcoman frontier to the Caspian. Between Kaziroon and Shiraz a pass 7,600 feet had to be crossed and beyond Shiraz the ruins of Persepolis traversed. Up to this point so many travellers have penetrated that the country was tolerably well-known, but from Persepolis to Yezd, across the desert, no Englishman had ever journeyed, although Trosi, one of General Gardanne's suite, had been along it. From Yezd he made his way to Herat *via* Tubbus, Tyon, Birjan, and the country south-east of Khaf and Ghurian, not travelling straight but zigzagging about so as to effect a through survey of the region. No adventures of any note occurred on the way, and the Colonel, well provided as he was with servants and luggage accomplished the journey across the desert with a considerable amount of hardship certainly, but not with that suffering which had attended Vambery's tramp to Khiva or MacGahan's thirty days' chase of Kaufmann. A good geographer, a first-class topographer, and an excellent lakecher, Colonel MacGregor made a through survey of the country lying between the Persian Gulf and Herat, noting every thing on the way with the eye of a general and making a sketch of every place or point that might be of importance to any future commander leading a column in that direction.

When close to the Afghan frontier, he wrote to the Governor, there Ali had recently appointed to control Heart in place of Yakoob Khan, who had been treacherously conveyed to Kabul and imprisoned, informing him of his impending arrival, and having spent a night at Pahre, the first village on Afghan soil, set off the next day in undress uniform with the expectation of entering the Key of India by sundown. On his way he was met by an official from the Governor, who treated him very rudely and ordered him to retire at once to Persia. MacGregor consented to return to Pahre, but the next day rode on again to Herat making a halt at Kargan, about five miles from the city, to await an answer to another letter he had despatched to the Governor. From the fort attached to the village he had a fine view of the valley to Herat, "which stretched in every direction, but the south one sea of yellow fields and verdant trees. Without going further it was easy to see the value of Herat to any power with intensions on India, and to recognise the justice of the dictum which termed it the Gate of India. Just as in the minor undertaking of the capture the city the wise commander will give his troops a breathon their gaining the outer defences so must every General coming from the west rest his men a while in this valley. And no better place could be found for the purpose; abundance of beautiful water, quantities of wheat and barley and rick, endless herds of cattle and sheep, good forage, and a fine climate,—all combine to make the Herat valley the most apt place for a halt before entering the desolate country between Farrah and

Before long the official arrived who had treated him so rudely the day before and repeating his insults ordered MacGregor to return to Persia again. Having no official status, and not wishing to provoke any complications between England and Afghanistan, MacGregor repressed the strong desire that possessed him to castigate the Afghan for his insolvent demeanour and turned back to Persia this time taking the high road to Ghurian and Meshed, traversed in 1872 by Major Smith. At Ghurian the local Afghan Governor expressed his regret that MacGregor had been so badly treated and did the best that lay in his power to make amends for it. One more march brought MacGregor to Kusan, the frontier outpost of Herat, and the following day, June, the 24th, he crossed the border into Persia.

HOBART PASHA'S EARLY LIFE.

A YOUNGER son of the Earl of Buckinghamshire, sprung from a family not wealthy, but distinguished by its descent from no less a personage than John Hampden, the Hon. Augustus C. Hobart, in making the navy his profession, looked to it also as his livelihood, and if we would view his career aright, we must bear this fact in mind. Slenderness of means is not a stepping-stone to success in the naval service. But slenderness of means combined with a consciousness of capacity and an impatience of subordinate situations form together a compound exceedingly hampering to naval advancement. Hobart came into the service with what in his day would have been called "interest" at his back, but his promotions were slow notwithstanding. He was a mate—partly through his own failure, we strongly suspect—for more than four years, a lieutenant for ten years, and he did not reach his captain's rank—the "table-land of the service"—until he had been seven years and a half a commander. This progress would hardly be called rapid even in these days of stagnation, but in Hobart's time and case the delay was remarkable—all the more so, since he had found and used the opportunity to distinguish himself very early in his career. What he represents as the most stirring scenes of his life were passed before his twenty-third year was completed, and from 1844 to 1854 there was a period of no history which he describes as "the usual humdrum life of a naval officer during times of profound peace." Claudio's philosophy came to his aid at this time, and put in practice by his marriage in 1846. The Russian war gave him a very short period of activity, and being promoted to the rank of commander towards the end of it, this man of action deliberately buried himself in a coastguard station at Dingle, and remained there for three years. Nor, when this was over, did he seek the more active service of his profession. He is found for another three years vegetating in the stationary harbour guardship at Malta. It was not till the autumn of 1861 that he assumed a command in the navy. For nineteen months only he was captain of a little gunvessel—the "Foxhound"—in the Mediterranean, and, being promoted to the rank of captain in March 1863, quitted her for the halfpay list, and never served again in the Royal Navy. As a British naval officer, therefore, Hobart's name could not have gone down to posterity, for he never held a post important enough to carry a name with it. But the name will long be remembered, nevertheless, as a commander of the Turkish fleet; as the honest supporter of a falling cause; as the keen sportsman and hearty good fellow; and now, after the publication of these sketches, as—in feeling at least—the bold buccaneer of the Elizabethan period, who by some strange perverseness of fate was born into the Victorian.

We may safely infer that the same spirit which made Hobart the persistent slave-trade destroyer, the daring and successful blockade runner, and carried him to his honoured position as a marshal of the Turkish empire, was that which helped to bar his progress in the Royal Navy. Yet, had he found his way, like the gallant Lord Alcester, into the middle of the fighting in Burma in 1852, or into the Chinese wars of 1857-58, the world would not now be speaking of Hobart the pasha, but of Hobart the English admiral. But no doubt the *res angusta domi* pressed upon and controlled the will of him who is gone, as it did not that of him who is still with us. Beauchamp Seymour found no difficulty at all in presenting himself one fine morning at the head of a storming party in Burma, as a half-pay officer seeking fame, with an introduction from the Governor-General of India in his pocket; while poor Hobart, after some weary years as a half-pay lieutenant, was necessitated to accept the small post of chief officer of the coastguard in the vicinity of the family seat at Sidmouth. So also, while, the Indian mutiny was raging, while our ships were being defeated, and some of them destroyed, under a false estimate of Chinese skill, at the Peiho, Hobart was forgotten, lost to the world in the remotest corner of the country of Kerry.

Those, therefore, who consider that Hobart Pasha was unfortunate in not finding scope for his peculiar talents—at any rate as a British officer—have some reason on their side. In the naval service of England there is, in any moderately long series of years, opportunity for the development of most varieties of character, and a field for their action. But, undoubtedly, in the absence of naval war, there is less field for the exercise of enterprise, courage, and daring. The combination which was found in Raleigh, in whom the powers of reflection, of action, and of exhibiting the graces of life seemed blended in equal measure, is not common, and was not to be found in Hobart Pasha. The preparation which is necessary to successful action has no charms for him if it was to be at all prolonged. He could not bend himself to undertake the moral and material improvement of the navy which is the *métier* of naval energy in peace time. A Raleigh in our day would have shone wherever he was; he would have been at the head of our naval literature, and foremost in the development of invention. He would have taken a leading part in all the movements towards that enlightened system of discipline which were inaugurated by the Sir William Martin who met with so little of Hobart's approval. But, so long as he remained in the British service, the subject of this notice was careless of the fame which comes to him who excels in the preparation for war. No man more ready to act when the necessary materials were placed in his hands, but no man less inclined to submit his thoughts to the discipline which makes them creative. Rough and ready he was from first to last, excellent in emergencies, and loving them, whether they came in the form of an infuriated wild boar, of a Federal cruiser on a dark night, or of a group of Russian torpedo boats.

His first start in life was a bad one according to his own account. He went to sea in the "Rover," 18, at the age of thirteen, and under the auspices of his cousin, the late Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Eden, who was then her commander. For this officer he professes to have entertained anything but cousinly affection. He writes, indeed, of his first ship with a sort of horror,, which is, perhaps, not rendered less painful to us by the knowledge that it is probably wholly factitious. He thinks of his first mess-place as "a dirty little hole," and describes his first day on board the "Rover" as follows:—

"At early dawn a noise all round me disturbed my slumbers; this was caused by all hands, officers and men, being called up to receive the captain, who was coming alongside *to assume his command by reading his official appointment.*

"I shall never forget his first words. He was a handsome young man, with fine features, darkened however, by a deep scowl. As he stepped over the side he greeted us by saying to the first lieutenant in a loud voice, "Put all my boat's crew in irons for a neglect of duty." It seems that one of them kept him waiting for a couple of minutes when he came down to embark. After giving this order our captain honoured the officers who received him with a haughty bow, read aloud his commission, and retired to his cabin; having ordered the anchor to be weighed in two hours.

"Accordingly at eight o'clock we stood out to sea, the weather being fine and the wind favourable. At eleven all hands were called to attend the punishment of the captain's boat's crew. I cannot describe the horror with which I witnessed six fine sailor-like-looking young fellows torn by the frightful cat for having kept this officer waiting a few minutes on the pier. Nor will I dwell on this illegal, sickening proceeding, as I do not write to create a sensation, and thank goodness! such things cannot be done now."

So far is what he states he remembers of the sufferings of others on his first day at sea. Now as to his own:—

"I had not much time for reflection, for my turn came next. I believe I cried, or got into somebody's way, or did something to vex the tyrant; all I know is that I heard myself addressed as "you young scoundrel," and ordered to go to the "mast-head." Go to the mast-head indeed! with a freshening wind, under whose influence the ship was beginning to heel over, and an increasing sea that made her jump about like an acrobat. I had not got my sea legs, and this feat seemed an utter impossibility to me. I looked with horror up aloft; then came over me the remembrance of Marryat's story of the lad who refused to go to the mast-head, and who was hoisted up by the signal halyards. While thinking of this, another "Well, sir, why don't you obey orders P" the lower rigging, which I began with the greatest difficulty to climb, expecting at every step to go headlong overboard.

"A good-natured sailor, seeing the fix I was in, gave me a helping hand. . . . On looking down to the deck my heart bled to see the poor sailor who had helped me undergoing punishment for his kind act. I heard myself at the same time ordered to "go higher," and a little higher I did go. Then I stopped, frightened to death, and almost senseless; terror, however, seemed to give me presence of mind to cling on, and there I remained till some hours afterwards; then I was called down. On reaching the deck I fainted, and knew no more till I awoke after some time in my hammock."

What comically-pathetic down-cot the control of nonsense we are not prepared to say. Whether he retained some unworthily bitter feeling against the late Sir Charles Eden, or whether he was unconscious of the weight of words, we are not ready to determine. Suffice it here to note that, according to the official records, "Hobart joined the "Rover," then lying alongside a hulk at Devonport, on Sunday, February 22, 1835, and that Commander Eden did not join her till February 27. Further, that the ship did not go to sea till Sunday afternoon, March 15, and that no flogging took place on board her till April 6, when the one culprit was a boy! But by this fancy picture, painted from figures which never had life in them does Hobart claim to have had his whole character coloured.

"For all I had seen and suffered on that the opening day of my sea life made me think for the first time—and I have never ceased thinking (half a century has passed since then)—how to oppose tyranny in every shape. Indeed I have always done so to such an extent as to have been frequently called by my superiors 'a troublesome character,' 'a sea lawyer,' &c."

A self-imposed mission to oppose all that appears to our eyes the "tyranny" of our superiors is hardly good armour for a young officer to fight the battle of naval life in. If he should start in his career with a determination to seek out and expose "tyranny" in a way which would be perfectly justifiable in civil life, he starts with a wrong conception of his moral duties. He will certainly limit his future usefulness to the service he has chosen, and most probably bar his progress in it. And thus did Hobart. With a heart in the right place, some of the independent spirit of his great ancestor, Hampden, had passed into his own, and his youthful experience failed to bring to its control the teachings of the intellect. No doubt his service in the "Rover" was of the ordinary kind neither better nor worse. It was spent on the east and west coasts of South America and it ended in July, 1838, when the ship was paid off at Plymouth.

We now come upon our first great astonishment, to which the fictions of the opening day at sea are the merest trifle.

"After enjoying a few weeks at home," writes Hobart, "I was appointed to the naval brigade, on service in Spain, acting with the English army, who were there by way of assisting Queen Christina against Don Carlos."

Then, with a wonderful assumption of *naïveté*, he goes on to describe the forces under "Sir" de Lacy Evans as a "rabble," and how, very soon after he had disembarked he received "what is usually called his baptism of fire" that is to say, he "witnessed" the first shot fired in anger "—at San Sebastian.

"The gallant marines (as usual to the front) were protecting the hill on which Lord John [Commodore Lord John Hay, who commanded the naval forces] was standing; the fire was hot and furious. I candidly admit I was in mortal fear, and when a shell dropped right in the middle of us, and was, I thought, going to burst (as it did), I fell down on my face. Lord John, who was close to me, and looking as cool as a cucumber, gave me a severe kick, saying, Get up, you cowardly young rascal! Are you not ashamed of yourself?

"I did get up, and was ashamed of myself. From that moment to this I have never been hard upon those who flinched at the first fire they were under. My pride helped me out of the difficulty, and I flinched no more. For an hour or so the battle raged furiously.

"By degrees all fear left me; I felt only excitement and anger, and when we (a lot I had to do with it!) drove the enemy back in the utmost confusion, wasn't I proud!"

This is all so naturally told that it would deceive anyone. Yet it is, as far as regards Hobart's share in it, fictitious. The allusion is clearly to the disastrous retreat from Hernani on San Sebastian, on March 16, 1837, when the marines alone made a successful stand against the Carlists. De Lacy Evans—not yet "Sir"—made but one later sortie from San Sebastian, "—that was in may—and in June, 1837, he resigned the command of the legion. Now what are the facts as regards Hobart? First that there was no naval brigade in Spain. Indeed, there was no "English army" in Spain. The seamen and marines of the ships under Lord John Hay simply landed as they were wanted, and re-embarked immediately. Secondly, that, while the operations described were going on, Hobart was in the Pacific!—*Edinburgh Review.*

* All the dates and datails of service in this article are strictly accurate and authentic, being taken from the official records of the navy.

HOME REMITTANCES.

(OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEEKLY memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills:—£

Amount to be remitted during 1886-87	13,531,578
Remitted from 1st April 1886 to 5th Feb 1887	9,552,700
Balance to be remitted from 6th Feb. 1887 to 31st March, 1887	3,978,808

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 11.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

For Final Judgment.

535. —Hore C. and B. Dawji Premji *vs.* Heerji Khimji and another. Khunderao and N.

Application for rehearing suit.

857-31568 of 86—Macfarlane, E and H for petitioner. Adolph Neuman *vs* MaxMinck, (S.C.C.)

200-17,916 of 86—Little S. F. and N. for petitioner Savrakram Ramchandra *vs.* Tarachand Sitaram. (S.C.C.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

544—Crawford and B—Nathoo Lalji *vs* Dwarkadas Damodhar and another—Nana and H.

—Nana and H.—Pallonji Pestonji and another *vs.* Pereshaw Pallonji, Ardesir H. and D.

541. —Macfarlane E. and H. Mahomed Ebrahim *vs.* Gungabai, Jefferson B. and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Cause.

16-87—Little, S. F. and N.—Hirabai *vs* Karamali Khaksbhoy—Payne, G. and S.—Part heard.

Long Causes.

391-86—Crawford and B.—Mulji Thakersey and others *vs.* Gomty and another.—In person—Part heard.

416-86—Little, S. F. and N.—Khatsey Dowji *vs.* Veerji Kurrumsey—Mac, and D.

428-86—Macfarlane, E. and H.—Haji Sale Mahomed Haji Mahomed *vs.* Mahomed Fakir Mahomed —In person.

398-86—Wilkin and B.—Hunsraj Vussondas *vs* Bhika Bhimji and others—Craigie, L. and O.

450-86—Thakurdas D. and C.—Premsavaha *vs.* Vejbai —Macfarlane E. and H.

454-86—In person—A pauper—Kessowji Jaitha *vs.* Mooji Hoarji and another.—In person.

360-86—Craigie L. and O.—Damodherdas Parmandas and others. *vs.* Kewabai and others.—Tobin and R.

458-86—Mirza H. K.—Ramchundra Daji *vs.* Narmada. —In person.

389-86—Jefferson B. and D.—Pestonji Eduljee Mistry *vs.* Buchoobai and another—J. C. Cama.

337-86—Winter and B—Luxumon Ranchander *vs.* Gooculdas Kurrumsey—Hore, C. and B.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

405-86—Crawford and B—Raoji Venayekrao Juggonnath Shunkersett *vs* Luxmibai—Craigie, L. and O.—Part heard.

408-86—Mirza H. K.—Curseji Pestonji Tarachund *vs.* Rustomji Dossabhoy Vassugara—In person.

238-85—Payne G. and S.—Heerji Ramji *vs.* Sewji Dhurrumsey—Crawford and B.

394-86—Little S. F. and N. Muddonji Jewraj and others *vs.* Nensey Luckmidas and others —Nana and H.

461-85—Ardesir and D.—Omer Jamal *vs.* Beg Mahomed Haji—Payne G. and S. and T and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice HARY.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

112-86—Wilkin and B—Keshavlal Purbhoodas and others *vs* Nathoobhai Shamlal and others—Craigie L and O and Hore C and B.

294-86—Jefferson B. and D. Dossa Moolji and others *vs.* A. Tonssaint and another. Little S. F. and N. Parthenard.

106-86—Wilkin Keshavlal Purbhoodas and others. *vs* Muggonlal Manchand and others. Hore C. and B.

137-86—Bomanjee and H. Dhanbaijee *vs.* Nathoo Laljee Little S. F. and N.

304-86—Chalk W. and S. Ramdas Toolsidas and another. *vs.* Nathoo Laljee and others. Little S. F. and N.

383-86—Little S. F. and N. Ahmed bin Shaik Esau Khulliffa and others *vs.* Shaik Esau bin Khulliffa and others. Payne G. and S. and Macfarlane E. and H.

10-85—J. C. Cama—Dhunjibhoy Dossabhai Santook Eduljee Rustomjee Paruck Ardasir H. and D.

333-81—Payne G. and S. Ramnarrayen Dayram and another Nathull Chogmul and others M. H. Khan.

143-86—Muljee B. B. Dharsibhoy Jussa *vs* Nursoo Dhurmajee

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 10.

THE rather better feeling, which was prevalent in commercial circles here at the time our last report was written, was not of long duration. Shortly afterwards, political news of an alarming character, and advices of a financial panic on the Continental Bourses, accompanied by a heavy fall in the French and English Funds, reached us by wire, and our markets again relapsed into their previous dull and drooping state; so that, writing now at a time of the year when the wheels of our commerce should be going at their fastest, and there should be no lack of interesting topics to comment upon, we find nearly as little to chronicle in our review of the past six days, as during a week in the midst of the monsoon. True, the panic has subsided; the Funds have recovered; and the political situation is deemed more hopeful by those who rule the financial world; but still the want of confidence in the future evidently continues; orders are not coming forward from the usual buyers of our produce, or at limits which are intended to discount, the more than ordinary uncertainties of the future; and the situation here becomes more trying day by day. Cotton has been arriving freely since the season opened, and much of it has been going into stock; and, as most of it must eventually be shipped, it follows that should the absence of enquiry from European shippers continue, a feature in the season's business will be larger shipments than usual on Native account There has, however, been a stronger tone observable in our Cotton market to-day, especially on the case of dealers, owing partly to reports of severe weather in the Broach and Bhownaggur districts, which may retard and curtail the crop in those parts. Wheat is in a better position, and need not necessarily be forced on an unwilling market; for it can be stored in the pits which were its home before the extension of Railways, and the debased Rupee; made it take its present prominent position amongst our articles of export. Some pretty large lines of the new crop, however, have already been contracted for, and, for the rest, dealers have no fears for the future, being mostly imbued with the notion that there will be war in Europe in the Spring. The course of Exchange has been downward, with some checks, during the week, and the decline noticeable this evening compared with last Thursday is ⅛d. in Bank demand Bills, and 3-32d. in three months' sight Credits. The temporary relief caused to Freights by the ordering of superfluous tonnage to other ports is no longer felt, and in the continued scarcity of ready cargo, the market is dull, and rates are weak, where not actually declining.

MONEY was rather easier after last mail left, and the Banks were able to obtain demand deposits at 6 per cent.; but the Bank of Bombay statement on Monday showed a decrease in the Bank's Cash Balance of over 3½ lakhs, and in trade requirements, as represented by Loans and Bills Discounted an increase of over 10 lakhs. This change was not of much moment; and we may assume that the Bank's position, had not, in the meantime, become such as to necessitate a greater restriction of accommodation, as no further change was made at the board meeting yesterday: but its shows that the tendency is still to dearer rather than cheaper money, and this is emphasized by the Bank of Bengal having raised its minimum rate to 8 per cent. to-day.

EXCHANGE was quiet with very little doing on last mail-day, and rates closed at a decline of 1-32d. to 1-16d. on those of the previous evening for Bank demand Bills and Telegraphic Transfers; and possibly 1-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. The market continued very quiet to the close of the week, the small amount of business transacted being quite remarkable for the time of year. Quotations were again 1-32d. to 1-16d. lower on the day; but they were really nominal as far as Bank drawing rates were concerned. The downward movement continued when the market re-opened at the beginning of the week, and the tone was Saturday's quotations, having been established, and the amount of Private Paper offered for sale having was quoted at opening on Tuesday, but there was a much steadier feeling observable, and a rapid recovery took place. A few Bills were sold at 1s. 6d. for February; 1s. 5 29-32d. to 15-16d. for March-April; and 1s. 5 29-32d. for May, early in the day. Yesterday the firm tone of the market was maintained in face of the decline in Silver reported from London. Bank Bills were quoted in the earlier part of the day at 1s. 5 27-32d.; but 1s. 5½d. was to be obtained later on. Business, however, was very restricted pending the news of Council allotments. These we have received through Reuter to-day reporting 2 lakhs of Bills allotted to Calcutta, and 7 lakhs to Bombay at 1s. 5 13-16d.; and 18 lakhs wire Transfers on Calcutta, and 8 lakhs on Bombay, at 1s. 5¼d.—a decline of 7-32d. in the rates of the extra sales last Thursday. In face of this, and of yesterday's quotation of 46⅜d. per oz. for Bar Silver our Exchange market has been firm to-day, on account probably of lighter money, the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal having gone down 16 lakhs, leading to the raising of its rate of discount, as above stated. There has been little doing to-day in Exchange on any line, and we close quiet, though strong, at the following rates:—

Bank Bills on demand		..1s. 5¼d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic Transfer	..1s. 5 27-32d.	"
Do.	3 months' sight	..1s. 5 15-16d.	"
Do.	4 "	..1s. 5 31-32d.	"
Do.	6 "	..1s. 6 3-32d.	"
Credits	3 "	..1s. 6 1-16d.	"
Do.	6 "	..1s. 6 5-32d.	"
Documents	3 "	..1s. 6 3-32d.	"
Do.	6 "	..1s. 6 3-16d.	"
France	3 "	..1f91	"
Do.	6 "	..1f92½	"

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint on 29th Jan. 1887	15,91,158
Silver received during the week	9,85,394
	25,79,552
New coin paid during the week	9,00,021
	16,79,531
Silver belonging to private individuals	15,56,659
	32,36,190
Last week	22,81,029

GOVERNMENT PAPER became weak after the date of our last report, and Four per cents. declined materially, touching at one time 94½, but subsequently recovering to 95. At the beginning of the week the rate improved to 95¼ for ready Paper, 95½ being quoted for forward transactions. Business was done again yesterday at 95½; but in presence of free sellers, the rate soon declined to 95, at which it closed this evening, little fresh business having been done, ¼ per cent. lower than last Thursday's quotation. Four-and-a-half per cent. Paper has been neglected, and the rate, which has been nearly nominal, has ranged between 99 and 99½, closing at the former rate.

SHARES.—There has been a good deal of movement in this market during the period under review; but it has by no means been in one direction, as will be seen from the following note of the principal changes during the week as per our quotations in another column. The following Mill and Press Shares have been in favour, and have advanced in value, say Albert Edward Mill, Rs. 30; Munmar Manufacturing, Hindoostan, and Hyderabad, Rs. 25 each; Central India, Rs. 15; Manockjee Petit, Rs. 15; Alliance Cotton, Rs. 10; Anglo-Indian, Rs. 6; Empress, and Prince of Wales, Rs. 5; East Indian Press, Rs. 5; Mercantile Press Rs. 2½; Mofussil, and Volkarts Press, each Rs. 2½. On the other hand the following are all lower; and it will be noticed that the decline in some is considerable:—Madras United, Rs. 75; Southern India, Rs. 40; Sassoon and Alliance Silk, Rs. 30; Ind. Manufacturing, Soondurdas, and Sholapore, Rs. 25 each; Albert Press, Kurrachee, Rs. 20; Coorla, Connaught, Khandeish, and Colaba Press, all Rs. 10 down; Lepold, Rs. 9; Bombay Cotton Press, and French Press, Rs. 5; Jevraz Ballu, Manockjee Petit, and Oriental, Rs. 2½. In Miscellaneous Companies we have to note an advance of Rs. 25 in first issue of Bombay-Burmah shares, and of Rs. 15 in the second issue. Treacher and Co. are Rs 15 higher; Badham Pile, Rs. 4; and Bapty Brothers, Rs 3; while Cooper Madon are Rs. 13 down. The Bank of Bombay shares show a decline on the week of 1½ per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Business during the week has been on a moderate scale, the off-take having been only some 2,700 packages of imported goods, and about 2,200 bales of local Cloth. The up-country demand for *Grey Shirtings* is unusually dull for the time of year, and stocks in dealers' hands are consequently increasing. Considerable quantities of these goods have lately been offered by wire from home at ⅛d. below previous rates, but were declined, and dealers are themselves willing sellers at ⅛ to 1 anna lower. Other *Staple Greys* are very quiet, with former prices barely maintained. *Drills*, however, are in comparatively better demand. *Dyed*, *Printed*, and *Turkey Red* Goods are extremely dull again after the late better inquiry. For *local Goods* there has been a moderate enquiry at current rates.

YARNS.—Imported Yarns are out of enquiry and dull of sale at about last rates, which, however, are weak. Local spinnings have been taken to the extent of about 5,500 bales. Telegrams report sales for the week in China at only 2,500 bales; but buyers have taken up the above-named quantity, especially of lower counts, at an advance of 1-32 a. to 1-16 a. pull.

METALS.—*Copper* has been taken to a small extent; but the market is steady at last prices. In *Yellow Metal* business has been very limited, but rates are also unchanged. *Iron* is quiet at previous quotations.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Up to this morning the prevailing feature of this market during the past week has been the almost total absence of enquiry from shippers, whose purchases have been on a most limited scale, and generally of ready stuff. But the bulk of such business as has been transacted beyond these, and the purchases from stock by the Mills, has been amongst the Native dealers themselves, who, when not obliged for financial reasons, to part with their Cotton on the spot, have been very firm and seemingly indisposed to name rates which would be likely to lead to business. The New York telegram to hand this morning reporting at last a serious falling off in Receipts at the U. S. Ports—possibly the beginning of the "perpendicular drop" which we have been warned by some to expect about this time—combined with somewhat unfavourable weather reports from the Broach and Bhownuggur districts, has strengthened their position and they are now asking Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy all round. A fair quantity of ready Cotton is said to have been taken; but we have only heard of the sale of some ready Good Julgaum at Rs. 170. A good demand for forward contracts is also reported, but there are few sellers. Natives have been offering to settle Broach contracts at Rs. 209 per candy, and are offering as high as Rs. 180 and Rs. 185 for Good and Fully Good Bhownuggur for April. They have taken alarm at the reports received from Guzerat, where the cold has been intense, the thermometer having been at freezing point for the past few mornings, and the outturn of the crop will probably be diminished, and its arrival at market retorted. It now seems certain that no Broach Cotton will come to this market before the 10th to the 15th March; and it is unlikely that more than 10 or 15,000 bales will be here before the 25th, on which date considerable contracts fall due.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalent in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission:—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine, Ready	Rs. 154	= 3 9-16d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 153	= 3 5-16d.
Do. Good do.	" 152	= 3d.
Do. F. G. F. do.	" 125	= 2 15-16d.
Omra, Fine do. (G.Staple),	" 192	= 4d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 182	= 3 13-16d.
Do. Good do. do.	" 177	= 3 11-16d.
Do. F.G.F. do. do.	" 170	= 3 29-32d.
Khandeish, Good do.	" 165	= 3 7-16d.
Do. F. G. F. do.	" 160	= 3 11-16d.
Belatee, Fully Good do.	" 173	= 3 31-32d.
Do. Good do.	" 169	= 3 29-32d.
Do. F. G. F. do.	" 162	= 3½d.
Hingunghaut, Good do.	" 194	= 4 1-16d.
Broach, Fine, March	" 214	= 4 7d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 212	= 4 27-32d.
Do. Good do.	" 209	= 4½d.
Dhollera, Fine, April	" 191	= 4 13-32d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 184	= 4 7-32d.
Do. Good do.	" 178	= 4 1-16d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good, May	" 155	= 4d.
Westerns, Good, May-June	" 170	= 3 29-32d.

Arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay:—

	Season 1886-87.	Season 1885-86.
	Bales.	Bales.
Bengals	120,496	95,000
Berar	138,758	100,000
Khandeish	75,773	46,000
Hingunghaut	17,753	14,500
Barsee and Nuggar	17,437	10,000
Dhollera, &c.	5,000	2,500
Total	375,217	268,000

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—Business in this market Exporting Houses have not been buyers, and the dealers have been on a very small scale. If a good demand arose business would be difficult in Wheat, as sellers have been very firm throughout, and seem more disposed to raise than to lower their pretentions when there seems likely to be any enquiry. They evidently look for higher rates, and can afford to adopt a waiting policy with regard to a crop which will not come forward just yet. Seeds are quite neglected and dull. We quote this evening's rates as follows:—

	Old.	New.
Fine Pessy	Rs. 4-8-6	Rs. 4-7-6 per cwt.
No. 1 do.	" 4-7-0	" 4-6-0 "
Club Delhi No. 1	" 4-2-6	" 4-5-3 "
Ahmedabad	"	" 4-1-3 "
Linseed	" 3-15-0	" 4-2-0 "
Rape, Cawnpore Brown		" 4-15-0 "
Do. Do. Yellow,	"	" 5-3-6 "

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1887.	1886.	1885.
Wheat—For the week	86,179	119 934	191,918
Since 1st Jan.	855,236	880,312	1,517,122
Linseed—For the week	37,157	26,988	33,587
Since 1st Jan.	168,726	235,399	165,443
Rapeseed—For the week	2,246	6,248	7,100
Since 1st Jan.	20,622	39,303	25,485
Gingelly Seed—For the week	45,033	61,487	85,057
Since 1st Jan.	310,074	326,792	556,258

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:

Receipts.	1887.	1886.	1885.
For the week	36,269	35,364	27,687
Since 1st January	226,038	197,904	129,234
Clearances of Cotton to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	35,522	26,697	11,513
Since 1st January	130,198	96,618	65,895
Clearances of Cottonto Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	940	722	1,054
Since 1st January	3,072	4,146	5,199

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANK.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	ct.	751½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	840 xd.
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	615
EXCHANGE BANK.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100		6 do.	155
Hong. and Shang. H. Corporation	50,000	$125	all	17½ do.	259-10
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	111xd.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	7	850
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	-	1,100
Indian Fire Insurance Co	111	5,000		70	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insuran Co.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs./100	1,625

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	-	-	£
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent	-	£100	-	-	£160

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akola Press Co.	300	1,250	1,250	-	1,075
Albert-Ginning Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	600	600	Rs. 45	430
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	100	1,400	1,100	Rs. 100	840
Bharat Press Co.	750	400	400	Rs. 20	225
Bombay Cotton Press.	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	445xd.
Broach Press Co.	0	200	200	Rs. 10	160
Colaba Press Co.	0	125	125	Rs. 14	135
Dholleri P. & G. Co.	0	1,250	1,250	Rs. 60	610
East India Press Co.	0	200	200	- 12	120
Fort Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 150	1,340
French Press Co.	150	5,000	5,000	Rs. 60	1,725
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	300	600	600	Rs. 80	880
Khanagum Cotton Press Co.	450	800	800	Rs. 95	600
Manmar Manfg. Co	240	450	all	Rs. 45	400
Mercantile Press	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	235
Mofussil Co.	1,400	125	125	- 5	95
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	3,135	400	400	Rs. 55	412½
New Indian Press	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	510
Prince of W. Press	4,000	125	125	-	105
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	600	500	500	Rs. 30	365
Sind Press Co.	500	500	500	Rs. 75	450
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	550
Sassoon Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1225xd
Volkart Press Co	300	600	600	35	595
	400	1,000	1,000	Rs 30	812

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,301	1,000	000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	445
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	2,345	100	100	Rs. 5	90xd.
Alfred Manfg. Co.	1,000	500	500	..	340
Alliance Cotton Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	625
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 21	520
Bo. Cotton Mf'g Co. Ld.	600	500	500	Rs. 20	355xd
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,00	Rs. 2	890
Berar Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,750	300	300	..	150
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	50	Rs. 25	815
New Issues	3,000	125	..	Rs. 125	120
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,00	700	720	Rs. 18	670
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	Rs. 25	510
Coorla Mills	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	615
City of Bombay Shares	20,0	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	905
Dharumsey S. & W. Co	..	..	..	..	..
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,070xd.
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,50	500	50	Rs. 30	860xd.
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,00	1,00	..	615
Gordon Mills	2,00	500	500	..	160
Hindustan Mills	1,032	1,00	1,000	..	935
Hingunghat Mf'g Co'l'd	700	50	all	37½ p.c.	650
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,00	50	Rs. 2	890
Imperial Mills Co.	600	50	1,000	Rs. 25	650
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	565	1,00	500	Rs. 70	1,385
James Greaves Mills.	100	500	1,00	Rs. 25	670
Jaffar Ali Spin. Co.	1,340	50	500	Rs. 16-5-2	460
Jowras Bhalloo	1,800	1,00	50	Rs. 45	1132½
Khandelah	750	1,00	1,07	Rs. 30	880
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	810
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld.	3,500	1,00	10	Rs. 8	140
Madras United	500	1,00	1,50	Rs. 125	2,725
Mahalukshmi	600	1,00	1,00	..	500
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1215
Mazagon Spinning Co	5,000	250	25	..	187
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,00	Rs. 75	1,470
National Spinning	600	1,00	1,00	..	43
Naigam Cotton Cleaning Co., Ld.	1,000	1,00	100	..	60
Narayan Cotton Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	65
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 0	260
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	815
People of India S. & W Company	..	250	250	..	125
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	900	800	800	..	87
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	875
Ripon	641	1,000	1,00	Rs. 60	867
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,50	1,000	000	..	1,215
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co. Ld.	1,716	500	500	Rs.	350
Sholapore Mills	675	1,00	1,00	Rs. 35	1,235
Soonderdas	650	1,00	1,00	..	640
Southern India	1,900	800	50	Rs. 12½	310
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,212	250	250	..	240
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	485
Western India S.&M. Company	1,300	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	725
Lokmidas Khimji S. W. Co	..	..	1,0	..	720

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown & Co	1,000	200	200	} 10	178
Ld.	750	200	150	} p.	123
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100		154
Bapty Co., Ld.	725	200	165	6 p.c.	103
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	00	100	Rs. 16	..
Do. New issue	500	..	37	Rs. 30	11
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	..	500	100	10-3-20 p. 3-30 c	100ml.
Bombar Flour Mill Co.	600	600	500		685
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	6 p.c	200
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	15 p.ct. Rs. 5	109xd.
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	7 p.c.	2,725
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	..	615
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	Rs. 5	3½
Bombay Safty Match Co. Ld	500	100	100	6 p.ct.	104
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	100ml.
Dyadsdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	100	..	11
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	2,000	100	100	Rs. 10	100
Indian Guarantee Surety ship Associa tion	5,000	100	10	Rs. 15	13
Kaiser-i-Hind Good Mining Co., Limited	43,000	25	25	..	10
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	600	250	225	..	15
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 20	382
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	16 pct.	..
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	50	40	Rs. 43	¼
Maple Hotel Co.	300	100	100	5 p.ct.	75
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	80
Orient al Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 & 7½	101
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. c.	21
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 19	47
Port Canning Co.	6,000	100	1,000	Rs.	192½
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	8 p.c.	105
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	10	..	72
Telephone Co., Ld.	12,500	25	25	..	73
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs.	1,115
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	..	185x
Western India Flour Mills	600	125	100	Rs 125	95
M. M. Mody & Co	600	400	200	25 ct	195

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 13-9-6
Napoleons	" 12 5
Mexican Dollars	" 222
Five-Franc Pieces	" ..
Bar Silver, 17½ bottemore	" 106-7
Gold Leaf, 1st quality	" 12-13
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	" 13-10
Pakin Gold Bars	" 13-6

EXCHANGE.

On	Terms.	Rate
London Banks	On demand	1s. 6 1-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 5d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight	1s. 6¼d.
Do. do.	4 Do do.	1s. 6 5-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 6 7-32d.
Do Credits	3 Do do.	1s. 6 9-32d.
Do do.	4 Do do.	1s. 6 15-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do do.	1s. 6 5-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 6¼d.
Paris	3 Do do.	1"93
Do.	6 Do do.	1"94
Calcutta	At sight	100
Do	60 days	99¾
Madras	At sight	100 1-32d.
Do.	30 days' do.	..
China	60 Do do.	218

BANK OF BOMBAY RATES OF BUSINESS.

DISCOUNT CHARGED—
On Government Bills ..... 7 per cent.
On Private Bills ..... 8 do.
INTEREST CHARGED—
On Demand Loans on Government Securities Port Trust Bonds, or Bullion ..... 6 per cent.
On Loans on Government Securities or Port Trust Bonds
On Loans on Goods, or Metals in Godown, or on Port Trust Warrants ..... Other rates subject to arrangement.
On Cash Credits on Government Securities
On Cash Credits on Goods, or Metals in Godown, or on Port Trust Warrants .....

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 9th February, 1887.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·964
Temperature of the Air	68·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	57·9
Dew Point	48·9
Relative humidity of Air	·604
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	77·7
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	55·9
General Directions of Wind.*	N, NNE, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	330

* From midnight to midnight

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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MR. N. H. GUEESTA,
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JUBILEE FUND.

SUBSCRIBERS to the FUND for CELEBRATING the JUBILEE of HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY the QUEEN-EMPRESS are informed that from THIS DATE, they can, if they see fit, divide their contributions among all or any of the following objects:—1. Technical Institution; 2. Jubilee Fund; 3. School Feast; 4. Imperial Institute in London, or make their contributions to any one of such objects.

HENRY MORLAND,
Chairman of the Executive Committee.
Bombay, Municipal Office, 10th February, 1887.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THIS ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DADIBURJOR—February 11, at 2 a.m., at his Bungalow, Mazagon, Mataprbahdy, Ambawady, Mr. Merwanjee Framjee Dadiburjor, aged 55 years. Funeral will take place this day (Friday) afternoon at 3 p.m.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ACTON—February 4, at Bangalore, the wife of H Acton, 1st Madras Lancers, prematurely, of a son, still-born.

WILSON—February 1, at Shahjahanpore, the wife of H Eyre Wilson, of a daughter.

DEATH.

WOODSIDE—February 3, at Fatehgarh, N-W P, of pneumonia, Miss J N Woodside, eldest daughter of Rev J S Woodside, American Presbyterian Mission, aged 28 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1887.

THE terms of the new Provincial contracts have now, it would appear, been definitely settled by the Government of India. They do not very materially differ from those of the contract which expires on the 31st of March, but they provide for a mere initial equilibrium, instead of a small working surplus, and are therefore not so favourable to the Local Governments. It may be noted here that one of the chief features of the Provincial contracts was a declaration that the several Local Governments should look for no special aid from the Imperial Government, except in the case of severe famine (and then only within certain well defined limits), and on the other hand, that the Imperial Government would make no demand on the Local Governments, except in the case of disaster so abnormal as to exhaust the Imperial reserves and resources, and to necessitate a suspension of the entire machinery of public improvement throughout the Empire. During the five years which expire on the 31st proximo, no province of India has been visited with severe famine, and it has not therefore been necessary to call on the Imperial Government for any assistance on that score. But the contingency of Imperial financial embarrassment arose in 1885-86, when the Local Governments were called upon to suspend all but obligatory expenditure, and in framing the estimates for 1886-87, the Imperial Government was obliged to impose an Income Tax. Even with this it was not found possible to balance the account without calling on the Local Governments to contribute a sum of 40 lakhs of rupees from their accumulated balances, and the Finance Minister declared that with this assistance a financial equilibrium would not be secured unless the rupee remained at or above one shilling and sixpence.

The period covered by the current contract has been to the Government of Bombay one of unexampled financial prosperity. It has been in the position of a Government seeking how to spend its increasing revenues with advantage, rather than one which has to cast about for money to meet urgent administrative demands. Even after contributing one-half of the 40 lakhs required by the Government of India to balance its estimates for the current year, it is estimated that its share of Land Revenue alone will exceed the figure used as the basis of the contract by 17 lakhs of rupees. In other words, but for the Imperial financial troubles, the provincial share of Land Revenue would have yielded to the provincial exchequer no less than 37 lakhs more than the contract figure, and even after the Imperial Government had resumed 20 lakhs of this to meet the exigencies of Imperial finance there was still a surplus left at the disposal of the Government of Bombay of 17 lakhs (or 3 2-5th lakhs per annum) on this one head alone. Other heads, such as Excise and Forests, have been equally prosperous, and from the funds thus placed at its disposal the Bombay Government was able to spend liberally on Public Works, Education, and so forth, large sums of money which would not otherwise have been available. This position under the new contract will not be continued. All the Government of India professes to feel able to do is to start each Local Government with an

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE PEACE OF EUROPE.

THE MASSING OF FRENCH TROOPS ON THE GERMAN FRONTIER.

BERLIN, FEB. 9.

Fresh reports are current here of the persistent massing of French troops on the frontier. The French are also said to be despatching large quantities of provisions to the frontier.

Prince Hohenlohe, the *Statthalter* of Alsace-Lorraine, speaking at a banquet at Strasbourg, said that the times would remain serious until the French accepted the existing situation unreservedly.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON ON THE SITUATION.

LONDON, FEB. 10.

Sir James Fergusson, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, speaking last night at a banquet given by the Chamber of Commerce, said that he regarded an outbreak of war in Europe as unlikely.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN ENGLAND.

ELECTION OF MR. GOSCHEN.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

Mr. Goschen has been elected member of St. George's, Hanover Square, by a majority of 4,157 votes over Mr. Hayman, the Radical candidate, who only polled 1,545 votes against Mr. Goschen's 5,702.

ANOTHER RESIGNATION.

LONDON, FEB. 10.

Earl Duarven has resigned the post of Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, for reasons similar to those which prompted Lord Randolph Churchill to resign.

THE EGYPTIAN QUESTION.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

The principal point in the proposals that Sir H. Drummond Wolff will make to the Porte will be for the neutralization of Egypt.

THE CAMBAY INQUIRY.

THE EVIDENCE FOR THE DEFENCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 10.

When the Commission sat again to-day, Mr. Sheppard, Commissioner, Northern Division, was examined. He deposed to having stated in his letter to Government that it was scarcely to be expected that a coolie, such as Jahlia appeared to be, should be sent on to make arrangements for his master's quarters in Cambay. He admitted he had not much time to see Mr. Wilson's report, which he forwarded to Government with his letter the day he received it. Mr. Wilson had shown Mr. Sheppard the letter regarding his wife's illness, and seemed very anxious to join her in Bombay. A day or two before the preliminary inquiry, Mr. Wilson had shown Mr. Sheppard what he called a letter of apology sent by Mr. Shamrao. Mr. Sheppard thought it was not a full apology, but suggested to Mr. Wilson that he should report about it to Government.

Mrs. Wilson said that ever since her marriage with Mr. Wilson, she had lived on terms of the closest affection with her husband. She also spoke of Mr. Wilson's taste for gardening.

The next witness was Jahlia Malee, who totally denied having ever gone to Shamrao with any indecent proposal from his master.

Mr. Inverarity supplemented his speech for the defence with a written statement, which was put in.

AFFAIRS IN BURMA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MANDALAY, FEB. 10.

Captain Gubbins tracked a band which attacked his Camp, and inflicted heavy loss upon them at Loka.

On the 4th at Myingyan, 100 dacoits attacked Aing, near Meitcila.

On the 6th, Lieutenant Williams, of he Munster Regiment, pursued and captured eleven of the dacoits at Apangin.

General Arbuthnot goes to Bhamo after the Jubilee day. Large preparations are being made here for the official opening of the Railway works on that day. Some delay in breaking up the bridges probable.

THE JUBILEE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JAMNAGAR, FEB. 10.

The Durbar is astir making preparations for the celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee.

Mr. FitzGerald, Assistant Political Agent, Halar, has been invited here to witness and take part in the ceremonies in connection therewith.

On the 16th, at 9 a.m., a Durbar will be held in the Amakhas Kacheri, to which the Sirdars and *ilite* of Jamnagar will be invited. On the breaking up of the Durbar, a Royal Salute of 101 guns will be fired.

On the 17th the corner-stone of a bridge over the Rangmati-Nagmati, to be called the "Victoria Bridge," will be laid in the presence of the Assistant Political Agent. The same officer will be asked to declare opened the newly-built Girls' School, to be called the "Victoria Jubilee School"; a Children's fete will be given, and sweetmeats and prizes will be distributed. A grand feast at Bhandra will be given to the entire poor population of the city.

The 16th and 17th have been ordered to be celebrated as public holidays throughout the Jam's territories. During both days the whole town will be illuminated. It is also in contemplation to release some prisoners on the occasion

THE WRECK OF THE THOOREA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 10.

Later reports express a fear that the Thoorea will become a total wreck. The water in the after hold is weighing down her stern and causing the vessel to slip off the bank on which she was beached. She will probably break in two, and the engines and boilers drop through her bottom. She had just been supplied with the electric light throughout and sumptuously fitted up for passengers on the express service. Her cargo was very valuable, consisting principally of silk and cotton piece-goods, most of which be will lost. Many Chinese and Soorates merchants will suffer heavily, as they scarcely ever insure shipments. The steamer was also uninsured.

THE CONDITION OF LIEUT. NOBLE.

Lieutenant Noble is still unconscious. His condition is very critical.

THE LUCKNOW RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, FEB. 10.

Lucknow has been the scene of great excitement for the last few days over the anticipation of the Civil Service Cup Race. Twenty-eight large lotteries, of the total value of close on a lakh of rupees, have been held over this race during this week, while book-makers also have been doing a large business both local and outside over this event, which has been decided to-day.

The following are the details :—Civil Service Cup. For all Ponies. 1 mile. Value of Stakes, Rs. 10,300.

Mr. Beddy's Blitz, 8st. 2lb., Vinall 1
Mr. Kindall's Nina, 6st. 9lbs., Richmond ... 2
Mr. Gregory's Bob, 8st. 9lbs., Greenhalgh ... 3

Before the race Bob and Little Nell were hot favorites, but at the start Blitz was made a very hot favorite at even money. Shamshad, Bob and Little Nell were backed for heavy sums of money. The field got away to a good start, and after a good race, Blitz won by a length. Time—1min. 20secs.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES.

PORTSMOUTH, FEB. 9.

The troopship Euphrates left here for Bombay to-day.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, FEB. 10.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Rosetta, which left Bombay with the homeward English mails of the 4th instant, arrived here at 5 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

The Clan Line steamer Clan MacArthur arrived here this afternoon.

LISBON, FEB. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday evening.

COLOMBO, FEB. 10.

Mail steamers Australia from Aden and Coromandel from Bombay arrived; also H. M. S. Briton from Bombay arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Sunats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	70⅞
4½ per cent. "	72½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes	107
Bar Silver	46⅛

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(FEBRUARY 10.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Direct, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

During the Jubilee holidays on the 16th and 17th instant all Government Telegraph Offices in Bombay, except the Central Office, Fort, Mombadevi and Mandvie, will observe Sunday working hours, i.e., will be open to the public only under the conditions of Inland Rule 2 of the Indian Telegraph Guide.

INTERRUPTIONS.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.—Bangkok, Saigon interrupted.
RANGOON, Feb. 10.—Elephant Point Penang Cable interrupted.

A NOTIFICATION has been issued from the Political Department in connection with the Jubilee celebration in supersession of that issued on the 31st ultimo, requesting that gentlemen who have been invited to join the procession from the Public Works Secretariat to the Town Hall on the 16th instant should assemble at the Town Hall, instead of at the Public Works Secretariat. Several bodies have been included in the present notification who were omitted from that of the 31st ultimo.

AT Ahmedabad the Jubilee memorial will take the form of a Female Dispensary, towards the founding of which Mr. Runchorlall Chotalall, the present of the municipality, has made a munificent offer of Rs. 20,000, besides guaranteeing half the pay of a lady doctor. Other native gentlemen have also come forward and inscribed liberally to the funds of the proposed dispensary. The Municipality will contribute Rs. 15,000, in addition to which it will make a grant of Rs. 15,000 for the purpose of illuminating the city and feasting the poor.

THE Government of the North-West Provinces have made a grant of Rs. 50,000 to the different districts on account of the Jubilee.

IN the special telegram from Ahmedabad, which we published yesterday, giving an account of the progress of the Cambay inquiry, Mr. Inverarity, in addressing the Commissioners for the defence, is reported to have said that Dr. Arnott had written a letter stating that Mrs. Wilson was so ill that it was necessary for Mr. Wilson to come to Bombay. As a matter of fact it was Brigade Surgeon Langley who attended Mrs. Wilson, and it was he who gave the certificate as to her illness.

MR. C. B. PRITCHARD, C.S.I., Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, has been allowed by the Secretary of State to return to duty within the period of his leave. Mr. Pritchard went home on medical certificate, and, his health containing unfavourable, he was granted an extension. The fact that he is now returning to duty within the period of his leave indicates an improvement in the state of his health.

THE *Government Gazette* notifies that Mr. W. Lee-Warner, M.A., has been allowed three months privilege leave.

MR. J. W. A. WEIR, C.S., has been appointed o be an Assistant Collector in Sind.

MR. E. T. CANDY, Acting Judicial Commissioner in Sind, and Judge of the Sadar Court in that province, takes furlough for eight months from April 1.

ALL Civil Courts in the Sholapore-Bijapore districts will be closed for six weeks from the 25th April.

THE Rev. C. Walford, M.A., Bombay Ecclesiastical establishment, whose leave expired on the 10th instant, has been allowed by the Secretary of State to retire from the service. The Rev. J. F. Forbes, M.A., has been granted by the Secretary of State a further extension of leave for six months on medical certificate.

H. E. THE VICEROY has appointed Captain F. G. Alexander, Bombay Staff Corps, Cantonment Magistrate, Neemuch, *vice* Colonel Grant.

MAJOR H. COOPER, Aide-de-Camp, is temporarily acting as Military Secretary to the Viceroy, during the absence of Lord William Beresford, who has gone on a short visit to Lucknow.

THE main body of the Public Service Commission is expected to reach Calcutta about the 20th instant, and the examination of witnesses by them will begin on the following day.

MR. R. MACEWEN, Assistant Engineer, Tansa Dam Works, has been invested with the powers of a magistrate of the third class in several villages in the Shahapore taluka of the Tanua district.

SLIGHT rain fell in the Kurrachee District during the week ending the 8th instant. The reaping of rabi crops is going on in parts of six districts. The standing crops still suffer from blight and frost in some places. There is fever in parts of hine, cattle-disease in parts of ten, and small-pox in parts of three districts.

THE foundation-stone of the Punjab Chiefs' College at Lahore is to be laid on the 15th instant.

MONSIGNOR AGLIARDI, we regret to hear, is suffering from illness in Calcutta.

NEWS has been received of the death at sea of Mr. Edward Stack, of the Bengal Civil Service.

THE Finance Commission's Report is now in the Press, and will be submitted to Government as soon as printed.

MR. CROSTHWAITE has been ordered to Calcutta to consult with the Viceroy; he goes to Rangoon at the end of the month.

THE Countess of Dufferin will present new colours to the Royal Canadians, otherwise known as the Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment, on the 21st instant.

THE Bonerwal Jirga have made an unconditional submission, and surrendered the arms seized in their raid on Persai. They have also paid the fine imposed on them last March, and an additional fine for contumacy. The blockade will now be raised, and the Bonerwal prisoners released.

IT is reported as being no longer a secret, that owing to the arrears into which the Punjab Government has allowed the revision of its Land Revenue Settlement to fall, it has sacrificed about eixteen lakhs of revenue. This is said to be the explanation of the apparent severity of the Finance Committee in dealing with expenditure in that province.

THE Bengal Board of Revenue has sanctioned the expenditure of Rs. 20,700 from the funds of estates under the Court of Wards for Jubilee purposes, in response to application from the Wards themselves. It is proposed that one-half of this sum be placed at the disposal of the General Committee in Calcutta to be expended upon a permanent memorial, the influence of which shall be felt and appreciated by all classes of the community.

BY a notification in the *Government Gazette*, the following railway officials are exempted from liability to serve as jurors or assessors in criminal trials in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind:—Engineers in charge of the line, engineering inspectors employed on the line, locomotive firemen and drivers in charge of changing stations, engine drivers, station masters, guards, district superintendents of traffic, assistant district superintendents of traffic, and district and assistant superintendents of the locomotive department.

ON the retirement of Sir Rivers Thompson, the following changes will be effected in the Bengal Secretariat:—Mr. J. Ware Edgar will succeed Mr. F. B. Peacock as Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal. The latter probably takes furlough. Either Mr. C. E. Buckland, Secretary to the Board of Revenue, or Mr. H. Risley, on special duty, will be appointed as permanent Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue and General Departments. Mr. Nolan, the acting incumbent, will proceed on leave. The three Under-Secretaryships will be abolished in accordance with one of the recommendations of the Finance Committee. In substitution, three appointments of Assistant Secretary will be created, with pay rising from Rs. 700 to 800 per measem, to be filled by Uncovenanted Officers. The three Registrarships will also be abolished, as the Uncovenanted Assistant Secretaries will be quite able to perform the duties of these ministerial officers, in addition to their respective duties.

SENHOR NUNO MARIO FIGUIREDO CABRAL DE CAMARA has been appointed Governor of Damaun, in place of Senhor Alberto Moraes Carvalho.

IT appears that before the Postmaster-Generalship of the North-West Provinces and Oudh was offered to Mr. Badshah, a junior Civilian of the Lower Provinces, the post was offered to Mr. Rustomjee, the Parsee member of the Civil Service of the North-West, and refused by him.

THE *North German Gazette* announces that the Boers who have formed settlements at Grootfontein in the district of Otowi (South-west Africa), have, at their own request, and in pursuance of the Emperor's permission, been placed under the protection of the German Empire.

MR. JUSTICE HAWKINS, addressing the grand jury of the Cumberland assizes, said—when reviewing the calendar—"That if the cases appearing in all the calendars throughout England were taken it would be found that 75 per cent. of the crime was traceable, directly or indirectly, to the inordinate love of liquor."

THE projects for effecting another junction of the Swiss and Italian railway by way of the Simplon is again under consideration in Vienna. The sum of 60,000,000 francs is required for completing the tunnel through the Simplon, which is practically all that is required, as trains already run on both sides of the pass. A State subsidy of 16,000,000 francs has already been obtained towards the execution of the project.

THE Chinese Police have drastic methods. At Linpoo the Government had got wind of an intended rising for last Christmas Day, but to suppress it. Seeing the approach, the lottery people fled away along the river bank, and the chief culprit, being hard pressed, dived into the water. A policeman, however, was equal to the occasion. Armed with a pole he watched for the lottery-man's head to reappear, and then gave it a blow which finished him altogether. Nothing then was left except to drag the river and take the body away. When this was done, the lottery was duly reported as "suppressed."

IT is considered to be probable that the post of Director-in-Chief of the Indo-European Telegraph Department, rendered vacant by the death of Sir John Bateman Champain, will be united with that of the Director General of Indian Telegraphs. A considerable economy will be effected by the abolition of the post and of the head quarters office in London, where a small staff is employed. The telegraph lines belonging to the Department do not extend beyond Teheran, and the adjustment of accounts with other European nations, which forms the principal part of the work of the London office, can be effected by the present Indian establishment with equal ease and with even greater expedition.

MILITARY NEWS.

FIELD TELEGRAPH offices have been opened between Kyundoung and Katha, on the Bhamo line, at Mona-Kone on the Thayetmyo-Malum line, and at Tantabin, in the Shwebo district.

ORDERS having been issued by Government to raise a police force of 2,000 men for service in Burma from native regiments of the three presidencies and the Hyderabad Contingent now in Burma, the Commander-in-Chief desires to impress upon the Commanding Officers of the following regiments—7th Bengal Cavalry, 1st Madras Lancers, 3rd Hyderabad Cavalry, 2nd 11th, and 26th Bengal Infantry, 3rd Gurkha Light Infantry, 1st Madras Pioneers, 12th, 23rd, and 25th Madras Infantry—the urgent need of operating heartily with Government in this matter, and of furthering volunteering for the new police corps by all means in their power. It is only by the establishment of an efficient police that a reduction can be effected in the force now serving in Burma.

THE tenure of appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Factories, held by Captain S. G. D. Smith, Royal Artillery, has been extended to the 31st May 1890.

THE Government of India has sanctioned the grant of three months' English pay of his rank to Captain C. Palley, 3rd Gurkha Light Infantry, on account of a wound received by him in action near Lamaing, in Upper Burma, on 24th November 1886.

THE services of the following officers have been placed, as a temporary measure, at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Burma, for employment in the Police Battalions in Upper Burma pending the necessary authority from Government:—As Commandants—Captain H. F. Farrant, 25th Madras Infantry; Lieutenant R. M. Rainey, 1st Madras Pioneers; Lieutenant R. P. Colomb, 25th Bengal Infantry. As Second-in-Command—Lieutenant A. T. Young, 12th Madras Infantry.

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER, Squadron Commander of the 6th Bombay Cavalry, has been appointed Cantonment Magistrate at Neemuch, *vice* Colonel Grant, who has reverted to Military duty.

THE following Officers have been granted leave out of India for one year:—Colonel G. S. Ostrehan, Assistant Commissary General; Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. Reay, 13th Bombay Infantry; and Major T. Teed, Assistant Commissary General, Second Class. Colonel Reay's leave is on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. WITTERS, S.C., and Surgeon-Major R. Boustead, I.M.S., have been granted an extension of leave for three months on medical certificate.

THE head-quarters of the Bombay Army moved to Poona yesterday. Brigadier General Knowles, Adjutant General, left in the morning, and Brigadier-General Adam, Quartermaster General, went by the night train. The Commander-in-Chief and his Staff left in the afternoon.

MAJOR NEVILLE, Commandant of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Forces, left for Hyderabad yesterday in the Raichore mail train.

THE ALLEGED MURDER OF A NATIVE BY A EUROPEAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 8.

A GENERAL COURT-MARTIAL assembled at Camp Ahmedabad on the 7th instant, for the trial of Private Allen, East York Regiment, on the charge of murder, at Rajkote, on the 11th December 1886. Colonel Humfrey was the president, with Major Hume, Major Yates, Major Huyshe, Major Leckie, Captain Conran, Lieutenant Ranson, Lieutenant Brown, and Lieutenant Thompson as members. The Deputy Judge Advocate, Captain Balfe attended the Court. The prisoner, who was defended by Mr. Wadia, pleader of Ahmedabad, pleaded not guilty.

The first witness was Irad Alli Fakir, who deposed as follows: During the visit of the Governor of Bombay to Rajkote, I went one day into the jungle to cut grass. Three Europeans then came up. A Memon (Mussalman) assisted by another was drawing water from a well. I then went away. I heard a shot, looked up, and saw one of the Mussalmans lying down. I got afraid and hid myself. I then went up to the man who was lying down—about fifty yards from me. I put some water in his mouth. He was then breathing, but he died shortly afterwards. There were five or six shots fired. The deceased fell at the second shot. I cannot recognize any of the Europeans, nor do I know what clothes they were wearing. He had a head covering with some brass on it; it was probably of khakee colour. The prisoner had his hat on when he fired.

Gunni, son of Isa, stated: During the visit of the Governor to Rajkote my father and I were irrigating our fields. My father was drawing the water, and I was in the field about 100 yards from him. I heard a shot, and my father cried out. I ran towards him. I heard a second shot, and saw my father fall to it. Seeing the European had gone off, I returned to my father. He was dead, shot through the body. I then went to Rajkote, which was about a mile off, and where we live, and informed the jailor and jemadar of what had occurred. I cannot recognize the European. He wore clothes that were not khakee, but a sort of black and white.

Kathurjee Pethajee, a Rajput, stated: At Rajkote, about two months ago, during the visit of the Governor, I was driving the bullocks of a Mussulman named Isa, and irrigating the fields. A soldier came up and two came afterwards, and they walked through a field of onions. Isa remonstrated, with them. Two of them then came and stood by the bullocks, and one of them struck Isa with the butt end of a gun. He then stepped back a little and fired. The two other soldiers had gone away before he fired. Isa fell, and I ran away. This is all I know, and I am unable to identify the man who fired. He stated the prisoner had his hat on when he fired. The dead body was placed on the road outside the jail.

Private D. Johnston, 2nd East York Regiment, stated: At Rajkote, on the 11th December, I, accompanied by Private G. Allen, the prisoner, and a boy named Coffey, went out shooting about 2-30 p.m. I took a double-barrelled gun, Private Allen taking with him a double-barrelled gun and a Martini-Henri rifle. He gave the rifle to the boy Coffey to carry, he himself carrying the ammunition belonging to the rifle. We went out beyond the camp into the fields. As I was following a wounded pigeon over in an onion field, some natives shouted to me. I, understanding what they meant, came out of the field, and went round and got the pigeon. While I was there Private Allen and the boy Coffey came across the same field. These natives shouted to them also, and when they came up to them, three natives pounced upon Private Allen's gun, which he had hold of, and they commenced scuffling. Hearing the row I went up, and while I was advancing, one of the barrels of the gun went off accidentally, hurting no one. They shoved him in the direction of the well, as if with the intention of pushing him in. I tried to pacify the natives. They would not listen to me. Pte. Allen said to me, "Leave go, Johnston, I will show these natives why they will interfere with me." He then let go of the gun, and took the rifle from the boy Coffey. The native then let go the gun, and pounced upon the rifle which Pte. Allen had, the boy Coffey picking up the gun. Another scuffle ensued. Then two of the natives released the rifle that Pte. Allen had, but one still held on. Pte. Allen being the strongest took the rifle from him. This native then ran away. When he had gone a short distance, he stopped and threw stones at Pte. Allen. I went up to Pte. Allen then, and asked him to come away, but he would not. The boy Coffey went up to him then, and asked him to come away, and I and the boy Coffey then left Pte. Allen, as he would not come away, he being excited at the time. When I got about 400 yards away I heard the report of two shots, but saw nothing, and when we had got about 800 yards, Pte. Allen rejoined me and the boy Coffey. I then asked me he had shot four and thrown them down the well; he then told me he did not hurt any of them. Then again he told me while going back for his helmet, which I had brought away with me, that he saw one native with blood underneath his arm. He released his rifle on the way home. I took Pte. Allen's helmet away with me, and gave it back to him when he rejoined us.

Prisoner: Did you see me point a rifle at a native or shoot at one?—Witness: I did not.

Q.—Did you see any smoke, or could you recognise by the report where the shot was fired?—No.

S. Coffey, 2nd East York Regiment, stated: At Rajkote, on the 11th December, I, accompanied by Pte. Allen, the prisoner, and Pte. Johnston went out shooting at about 2-30 p.m. We had two guns and a Martini-Henri rifle with us. We went into the fields beyond the camp. Pte. Allen and Johnston had the guns and I the rifle. Johnston fired at a pigeon and wounded it. It fell in a field close to a well. Johnston went after it, Pte. Allen and myself following behind. To get this pigeon Johnston had to cross an onion field. At a well near this field were three natives drawing water, and they shouted to him to go away, which he did. Pte. Allen and myself then went across this field, and the natives shouted to us to get away. I went away, but Pte Allen still went on. Then these natives rushed on Pte. Allen and seized his gun. A scuffle ensued, during which they kept shoving one another towards the well. At this time I was about five yards off, and the natives were trying to take the gun from Pte. Allen. Pte. Johnston was in the next field reloading his gun, and I called to him to come up, which he did. During the scuffle one of the barrels went off, but nobody was hurt. Pte. Allen then let the gun go and took the rifle from me. The natives thereupon rushed on him to take away the rifle. He knocked two of them off, but one still cling to the rifle, which Pte. Allen eventually got away from him. These natives went away a short distance, and began throwing stones at Pte. Allen. He did the same. After this Pte. Johnston went up to Pte. Allen and asked him to come away, but he would not. Then I went up and asked him to come away. After that Pte. Johnston and I went away and left Pte. Allen. When we had gone about 400 yards we heard the report of two shots. I did not see any smoke, nor can I say where the shots came from. When we had gone about 800 yards away, Pte. Allen rejoined us. We asked him if he injured any of the natives. He said he had killed four natives and thrown them down a well. Then he said "I have not hurt any one." He then said that he saw a native lying on the ground with blood on his clothes. Coming home he cleaned out his rifle. I forgot to state that during the scuffle, Pte. Johnston took Pte. Allen's helmet away.

Prisoner: Did you see me point a rifle at a native or shoot at one?—Witness: No.

Captain Steele stated that he had made Private Allen a prisoner for taking his rifle out shooting. The prisoner's service ammunition was correct, and his rifle clean. He knew the prisoner to be in possession of spare rounds for sporting purposes. Witness admitted, on cross-examination, that he knew there were two other parties of three men each out shooting on that day, and that lots of men had spare rounds.

Surgeon D. V. O'Connell, M. S., said he had seen a native lying dead on a bed at Rajkote on the day in question. There were two wounds in his body, which in his opinion had been caused by a conical bullet.

The prisoner in his defence quoted numerous cases on murder. He made a very poor defence, entirely omitting to notice the weak points in the evidence for the prosecution. He pointed out that the first assault was committed by the natives, and said that were he the man who fired the shot, the Court must consider the probability, when his comrades deserted him, and left him alone, of the natives making a second attack on him.

The Judge Advocate having summed up, the Court closed to consider their finding. After about ten minutes the Court was re-opened, and the prisoner again brought before it, and a statement as to his character and length of service was then taken. The Court must have found the prisoner guilty of either murder or manslaughter, most probably the latter. The Court then closed to consider their sentence.

The sentence will be promulgated after passing under the consideration of H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—As spring approaches a most favourable opportunity offers for rectifying irregularities, removing impurities, and erasing blemishes which have arisen from the presence of matters forbade by winter from being transpired through the pores. This searching Ointment, well rubbed upon the skin, penetrates to the deeply-seated organs, upon which it exerts a most wholesome and beneficial influence. Well nigh all the indigestions give way to this simple treatment, aided by purifying and aperitive doses of Holloway's Pills, round each box of which plain "Instructions" are folded. Billious disorders, loss of appetite, dulness after eating, lassitude, gout and rheumatism may be effectively checked in their painful progress, and the seeds of long suffering eradicated by these remedies.

THE JUBILEE CELEBRATION.

THE following Notification is published in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary* in supersession of the Notification of the 31st January:—

1. His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the Jubilee of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen Empress will be commemorated on the sixteenth February.

2. His Excellency the Governor will be present at the Town Hall at half-past 8 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of receiving addresses from public bodies for transmission to Her Most Gracious Majesty.

3. His Excellency in Council invites the presence on this auspicious occasion of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces in India, the Chief Justice, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Judges of the High Court, the Additional Members of the Council of His Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor and the Members of the Senate of the University, the Chairman of the Municipal Corporation, the Municipal Commissioner, the Sheriff of Bombay, the Heads of Departments, all Gentleman of Her Majesty's Services, Civil, Naval and Military, not on duty, Barristers, Advocates, Solicitors and Pleaders of the High Court, Justices of the Peace, Members of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, the Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust, Members of the Chamber of Commerce, and Members of the Executive Jubilee Committee.

4. Gentlemen purposing to attend are requested to assemble by 8 A.M. at the Town Hall.

5. Full dress should be worn and robes of office by those entitled to wear them.

6. Public bodies who may wish to present addresses should intimate their wish and forward copies of the addresses to the Chief Secretary to Government not later than the 10th proximo. Copies of the addresses of public bodies in the Mofussil should be presented to the Collector of the District by the same date and if approved should be forwarded by him to the Chief Secretary.

7. Addresses which have been approved may be presented to His Excellency the Governor at the Town Hall on the 16th February, or may be forwarded by post to the Chief Secretary before that date. In the former case the deputation presenting the address should not, except in the case of Municipal Corporations, consist of more than two persons. Public bodies in the Mofussil intending to send a deputation should give notice to the Collector of that intention at the same time at which they present to him a copy of their address. No address can be transmitted to Her Majesty which has not been received on or before the 10th February.

8. After receiving the addresses His Excellency the Governor will address the assemblage.

9. The Royal Standard will then be hoisted and an Imperial Salute of 101 guns will be fired.

10. Seats will be provided for the accommodation of a limited number of ladies.

11. The Commissioner of Police will make arrangements for admitting the general public and for due preservation of order.

12. His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief and His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief will be requested to give the necessary orders for due honour being paid on the auspicious occasion by Her Majesty's Troops and Her Majesty's Ships in the Harbour respectively. The Volunteers will also be invited to co-operate.

13. After the ceremony at the Town Hall, His Excellency the Governor will proceed to the Cathedral, where a special service will be held.

PROPOSED FEMALE DISPENSARY AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 9.

At the Premabhai Hemabhai Institute a crowded meeting was held on the evening of the 7th inst. to arrange what form the Jubilee memorial should take. Mr. Reid, Collector, presided. It was unanimously carried that the Jubilee memorial should take the form of a Female Dispensary, and sub-committees were arranged for collecting subscriptions.

Mr. Runchollal Chotalall then came forward with an offer of Rs. 20,000 towards founding the institute, and he further guaranteed that he would find enough money to pay half the salary for a lady doctor for it. This liberal offer was received with great applause, and numerous handsome subscriptions were at once promised from gentlemen in the room. Mr. Muggunbhai Huttising subscribing Rs. 1,000 and Manibhai Hemabhai's son Nuggar Sett, on behalf of his father, who was unavoidably absent through illness promising Rs. 600.

The Municipality then promised Rs. 15,000 to the institute, and a further sum of Rs. 15,000 to the purpose of illuminating the City and Kankria Tank. A number of poor, that money should be distributed among the poor, and that Rs. 400 should be spent on sweetmeats for schoolboys.

A fair to be held on both days at Kankria Tank, and that on the second day there should be a grand display of fireworks on the Tank.

The meeting terminated with the usual vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE PREPARATIONS AT SHOLAPORE.

ON the 7th instant, a well-attended public meeting of the inhabitants of Sholapore was held at the high school premises, Mr. Tagore, C.S., occupying the chair. Among those present were R. S. Ramchandra Govind, Mamiatdar, Mr. Appaji Raoji, Mr. Chitnis, Mr. Hanomantdas Shingi, Mr. Nagpurkar, Mr. Kirloskar, Dr. Scroggie, Mr. Duxbury, Mr. Cappel, C.S., and other well-known residents.

Mr. Tagore addressed the meeting in an eloquent speech, enlarging on the benefits which have accrued to all classes during her Majesty's reign, and calling upon the townspeople to do honour to the celebration of the Jubilee in token of their loyalty and gratitude. The meeting was also addressed by Mr. Ramchandra Ganesh, Mr. Nagpurkar, Mr. Kelkar, Mr. Hanomantdas and Mr. Cappel.

It was unanimously resolved to present an address to her Majesty, and to set on foot a public subscription for the celebration of the occasion. Among the objects to which this will be devoted are the foundation of a "Victoria Jubilee Scholarship" in the Girls' School, of a "Jubilee House" for the High School Union Club, a public fair, the feeding of the poor, and fireworks and illuminations.

The Municipality have decided upon the foundation of five scholarships of Rs. 10 each per mensem, tenable for five years, in the "Bombay Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute," and a contribution has been made to the general fund for illuminations, etc.

About Rs. 700 were subscribed on the spot, and the meeting broke up after a vote of thanks to Mr. Tagore and to Mr. Cappel, with three hearty cheers for the Empress of India.

BOMBAY MILLHANDS' AND THE JUBILEE.

A MEETING in connection with the Millhands' Association was held on Shet Munji Khetsy's premises, at Chinchpoogly, on Wednesday last, to adopt an address congratulating the Queen-Empress of India upon the completion of the fiftieth year of her reign. Mr. Framjee Bazonjee Billimoria, manager, Prince of Wales' Mill, occupied the chair. The proceedings were conducted in English, but were translated in to Marathi by Mr. Narayenrao Meghajee Lokhanday for the benefit of those who had no acquaintance with that language. Upwards of 2,000 people were present, and great enthusiasm prevailed. The following resolutions were passed:—(1.) That Mr. Framjee Bazonjee Billimoria, manager, Prince of Wales' Mill, will be elected president of the meeting. (2.) That Mr. Sorabjee Cursetjee Dhondi be elected vice-president. (3.) That the following gentlemen be elected members of the managing committee, with Mr. N.M. Lokhanday as secretary:—Messrs. Mirally Somji, Western India Mill; A. C. Wadia, Colaba Mill; J. M. Mehta, Colaba Mill; A. Wright, Prince of Wales, and A. B. Shroff, Sassoon Mill. (4.) That the draft address as read now be adopted. (5.) That our president and Mr. Lokhanday be deputed to wait on his Excellency the Governor with the address on the 16th instant. (7.) That a *Hari Kirtan* with solemn prayers be held in this *mandap* on the 16th instant, at 3 p.m., as a general thanksiving to our Queen-Empress. (7.) That a subscription list be sent round to make up the amount for defraying the cost incidental to the address. (8.) That a vote of thanks be given to our chairman for his able conduct in the chair, and Munjee Khetsey, Esq., for his kindly allowing the use of this *mandap*.

The address adopted at the meeting was as follows:—

We, the president, the vice-president and the members of the managing committee of the Millhands' Association, a society established for the promotion of the general welfare of the labouring classes employed in the cotton industry of the city, beg most respectfully to approach your Lordship and crave leave that your Lordship will be so good as to convey to our most beloved *Maharani*, Queen Victoria, our humble but dutiful sentiments of deep loyalty and attachment to her Throne and Person on this historical occasion of the Jubilee of her most auspicious, beneficent and glorious reign. In common with all other classes of her Majesty's Indian subjects we feel deeply grateful for the many benefits and blessings, especially peace and order and security of life and property, which we enjoy unmolested under her Majesty's wise and beneficent rule, and we feel equally grateful for the share of prosperity which by the blessings of Providence we are enabled to enjoy as the result of so happy a condition of affairs on the Government of this, her Great Empire. A conclusive proof of this prosperity is to be witnessed in the remarkable growth of cotton industry in this city. A growth that has been admitted to be immensely beneficial to capital and labour alike. The extension of railways and increased cultivation on the one hand and the greater facilities of ocean communication on the other, coupled with the boon of free-trade, have so far contributed to the development of this industry that Bombay is now able to boast of about fifty-five cotton mills where thirty years ago there existed none. This enterprise has stimulated capital, increased wealth and produced great contentment among the labouring population, which as is known, comes mostly from the class of far from thriving agriculturists, by finding them a lucrative means of employment. With these sentiments of our gratitude for the many blessings conferred by the graces of our beloved Queen-Empress, we beg to conclude this brief and humble address, fervently praying that by the mercy of Providence she may long be spared to rule over us as our Mother and Protector, and live in the memory and affection of ourselves and our children's children, happy and glorious.

THE G. I. P. Railway terminus at Bori Bunder is to be illuminated on the evening of the 16th instant.

On the 16th inst., the Royal Standard will be hoisted at the Town Hall in the morning and taken down in the evening.

In pursuance of a request from the Bombay Jubilee Celebration Committee, we shall be glad to receive subscriptions for the fund, and to acknowledge them in our columns.

THE undermentioned subscriptions were handed over to the secretary and treasurer of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, for a treat to be given to the boys of the said institution on the occasion of the Jubilee Celebration on the 16th instant:—

	Rs.
S. D. Sassoon, Esq.	100
C. P. Cooper, Esq.	50
Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., through A. M. Gubbay, Esq.	50
Total	Rs. 200

WE are requested by the Honorary Secretaris of the Executive Committee for carrying out th Jubilee celebration in Bombay to state that th following sums have been subscribed to the abov fund:—

| Names. | Victoria Technical Institute. | Queen's

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Verona, Captain W. J. Webber, will sail to-day for London with the Europe mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Mr Du Bois	Professor Darmstater
Lieut-Col Fendall Currie	Mrs Sladen and party
Mrs W Mountgood	Mrs Shannon & 3 children
Mr Arthur Fordo	

FOR BRINDISI.

Lord Fife	Mr O'Connor
Mr and Mrs Elliott	Mr Donner
Mr Newton Ogle	Mrs Kelly, 3 children and infant
Lieut F W Repton	Col Pratt
Mr Zuygaraus	Rev Dr Nevin
Mr Escstern	

FOR SUEZ.

Lord and Lady Rosebery	Miss Knox
Rev and Mrs Geo W Knox and 3 children	Mr C J Mills
	Lieut Van Dyke
Mrs W G Knox	Mr Fergusson

FOR MALTA—Mr R Alexander.

THE following passages have been engaged :—

By the s. s. Siam, Captain M. de Harve, sailing on the 18th February :—

FOR LONDON—Mrs Severson, Mrs J E Sandiman and child, and Rev and Mrs Macnaut J and Mr Subbramanjee.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr F W Fuchs, Mr D Fuchs, Miss Cawaye, Mr D Brown, Mr Leitmitz, Mr Sobiner, Mr D H McLean, Mr and Mrs Attwood and Mr G R Bimale.

FOR VENICE—Mr W T H B Brown, Mr H Atkins, Mr W H Mass, Mr C A Paterson and Maj and Mrs Moffat and child.

FOR SUEZ—Genl and Mrs Lucius Warren.

By the s.s: Malwa, Captain G. W. Atkinson, sailing on 25th February :—

FOR LONDON—Mr and Mrs Glover, Miss Glover, Col and Mrs Stanley Bird, Miss Bird, Miss Propert, Mr H Dewhurst and Mr F S Dewhurst.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr Keep, Miss Keep, Mr Dunlop, Mr and Mrs J H Douglas, Mr Price, Mr and Mrs W L Thomas, Mr Appavoeller, Mr T Hindmarsh, Mr J H Gray, Mr J D Tilleton, Mr and Miss Phillips and Miss Hivey.

FOR VENICE—Miss Baisy

FOR SUEZ—Mr Donner, and Mr and Mrs Stafuton.

By the s.s. Kaisar-i-Hind, Captain E. G. Stead, sailing on the 4th March :—

FOR LONDON—Mr W Bull, Mr G H Grant, Mr T Grant, Mr and Mrs D E Johnstone, Mr and Mrs F Larke, Mrs Acklom, Mrs de Melville, Mr and Mrs Harry Wicks, Mr Halfway, Miss Halfway, Mrs Lawrence, Mr E Taylor, Mr and Mrs A E Alling, Mr Gregory, Mr J P Thomas, Mr R & S Thomas, Mr and Mrs J Archer, Mr and Mrs G A Brumall, Miss Strocher, Mrs Pendlebury and child and Mr and Mrs Prescott White, Miss Taylor and Mr Kimmond.

FOR BRINDISI—Duke and Duchess of Manchester, Lady Alice Montagu, Col J Lindsay, RE, Mr H Borners, Mr and Mrs Dayley and two children, Mr J Beith, Mr Henry Lee, Mr S Gawon, Mr Cass, Mr H Prescott, Mr E D Martin, Col A Murray, Col J C Stewart, Col T Manderson, RE, Mr C G Blathwaythe and Mr John Thompson.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mr and Mrs W M Grant, Mr W Birkmyre, Mr and Mrs Wylie and infant, Mr and Mrs W B Greenshill and infant, Major and Mrs A W Baird and child, Mr T T Hamilton, Major and Mrs McAlpine, Mr and Mrs Welks, Mrs H A Richardson, Mr and Mrs Rae, Major Sayi, Mr and Mrs G Yule, Mrs Yule Smith, Col Stern, Col Cook, Mrs D A Dicdson, Mr and Mrs Mcenaght, Mr Zygawras, Mr and Mrs W L Thomas, Mr Duff Bruce, Mr H L Irvine, Mr A Smith, Mr Whitney, Mr Gray, Mr Tillston, Mr and Miss Whitcomb, Mr and Mrs E Fulton and 2 children, Mr McLaughlin, Mr S E Valght, Mr and Mrs D F Hagarth, and child, Mr and Mrs A M Hays and infant and Mr B Hammond.

FOR VENICE.—Mr and Mrs Durant, Mr A Campbell and Mr C A Bird.

FOR SUEZ.—Mr Le Grand Cannon, Mrs Douglas, Mr H P Douglas and Mr A M R Renny.

By the s.s. Nepaul, Captain T. J. Alderton, sailing on the 11th March :—

FOR LONDON.—Mr Warrencroft, Col and Mrs Kinkaid, Hon Mr and Mrs Cockscell, Mrs G M Murray, Maj and Mrs H E P Thomas and 2 children, Mrs Pendlebury, 2 children and infant, Mr Burge, Mr Dennis, Mr Crawhall, Mr J Smith, Mr S Waterhouse, Mr and Mrs J Kennedy, Mrs Huntley and Mr and Mrs Woodroffe.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr Barton, Right Rev Bishop Nindo, Miss Nindo and Mr Anderson.

FOR SUEZ—Mr J Douglas.

By the s.s. Assam, Capt J P Hassall, sailing on 18th March :—

FOR LONDON.—Captain Welchman King, Mrs C L Lelwhillin and Mr and Mrs Rupert Clarke.

FOR VENICE.—Mr and Mrs W Duncan, Miss Duncan, Mr J B Duncan, Mr and Mrs Wardraffe, C.M.

By the s.s. Thames, Capt W A Seaton, sailing on 25th March :—

FOR LONDON.—Mrs Warden, Miss Sellan, Mr B G Scott, Mrs T LeMesurier, Mr W T Wood, Mr and Mrs J Walker, Mr and Mrs H Hill and 2 infants, Hon Maude Lawrence, Mr Goodcliffe, Major Gen and Mrs E Dandridge, Mr Goodliffe and Mrs Chapman and infant.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr and Mrs Vernot, Mr J Shephard Mr and Mrs Berger, Mr St Clair Grant, Hon Mr Justice Cunningham, Mrs Cunningham, child and infant and Mr H C A Conybeare.

By the s. s. Tasmania, Captain C. G. Perrins, sailing

FOR LONDON.—Col. and Mrs Ostrehan, child and infant, Miss Ostrehan, Mrs and Miss McIver, Mr and Mrs Paul Bird, Mr D McIntster, Mr H J Rustamjee and 2 sons, Mr A Thom and Mr J Coles.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr CM Macdonald, Mr and Mrs Allen and child, Lady Bradford and 2 children, Mr E Gallais, Mr and Mrs Bliss, Capt. B Hamilton, Sir Roland K Wilson, Mr George, Mrs Westland, Mr and Mrs J A Ker, Mr H F Neuberg, and Mr E Tennant.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mr and Mrs Pigott, Mr and Mrs Browne, Mr and Mrs Vomel, Mr Bradford Leslie and 2 children, Mrs Stuart and child, Mr A Macdonald, Mr and Mrs Borger, Mr Bo hardt, Mrs Llemhelm, Mr H W Lyall, Mr A Butler and Mrs Adams.

By the s. s. Ganges, Captain E. Stewart, sailing on 8th April :—

FOR LONDON—Mr and Mrs H Johnson and child, Lord and Lady Annesley, Mrs Rutledge, Miss Phillips, H H. the Maharaja of Kooch Behar, H H the Maharani of Kooch Behar, and 3 children, Mr and Mrs R Bignell and 5 children, Mr J E Gill, Mr D N Reid, Mr T Carter and Mr F Smith.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr and Mrs W F Gibbon and child, Mr G G Arbuthnot, Mr H W Lyall and Mrs Jukes.

FOR GIBRALTER—Mr P Ralli.

FOR SUEZ—Mr M F Kennard and Col. and Mrs Rynes and child.

By the s. s. Nizam, Captian R. Hasselwood, sailing on the 15th April :—

FOR LONON—Col T H Brooke and Mr Playfair.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr T H Demhurst and Mr S S Demhurst, Mr T H Thomson and Mr A S Crabbe.

By the s. s. Cormandel, Captain I. Reeves, sailing on 22nd April :—

FOR LONDON—Mrs Cooper, Mr and Mrs F Thompson, Mr R Cornish, Mrs Chisholm and child and Mr and Mrs Fraser (J.).

FOR BRINDISI—Mr W C Bayley, Mrs G Adams and Mr J W Chisholm.

FOR VENICE—Mr and Mrs Goldsmid and infant, Master Goldsmid and Miss Harrison.

By the s. s. Surat, Captain W. J. Nantes, sailing on 29th April :—

FOR LONDON—Col and Mrs Moore and child.

FOR MARSEILLES—Col and Mrs E S Reynolds and child.

FOR BRINDISI—Hon Mr Justice Parker,

CHOLERA IN INDIA.

FROM an article on "Epidemics" in the current number of the *Quarterly Review*, we extract the following:—When Asiatic cholera came first to Europe in 1831, there were those, like the ingenious Hufeland, who at once remarked an analogy between it and the English sweating sickness. It was observed, also, by a good many French writers, that the cases of 'suette des Picards' were occasionally complicated with true choleraic symptoms; while the still more interesting observation was made in the French cholera epidemics of 1832 and 1849, that the sweating disease, which had been quiet for several years, at once received a great accession of strength, keeping company, in its native districts, with cholera in the most unmistakable manner, so that, as one writer puts it, they were 'most inseparable companions.' But more particular evidence was yet to come. It happened to a young medical officer (Dr. John Murray, now Surgeon-General), stationed at Mhow in Malwa, to see during the rainy seasons of 1839 and 1840 a number of patients, whose disease began as if they were sickening for cholera (then epidemic in the neighbourhood although only sporadic at Mhow itself), but afterwards changed so distinctively to the form of a copious running sweat, that the author wrote a description of it in the *Madras Quarterly Journal of Medical Science* under the name of the 'Malwa Sweating Sickness.' It was peculiar in the tendency to relapse, in the protracted convalescence, and in the embarrassed action of the heart which it left behind it. Dr. Murray's excellent and faithful description was recalled to mind nearly twenty years after by the occurrence of precisely similar cases in the company of true Asiatic cholera in the French fleet during the Crimean War, and subsequently at Toulon, and in other places in Provence and Languedoc. There has been a good deal of writing on this sweating hybrid of cholera; it has been named 'cholera cutane on sudoral,' the true cholera being regarded 'comme une sorte de suette interne,' the running from the skin being equivalent to the intestinal profluvium, and both diseases alike due to a profound paralysis of the nervous mechanism that presides over the action of the blood-vessels and of the heart.

As a species of disease, Asiatic cholera itself has natural-history characteristics hardly less striking than those of sweating sickness. Previous to 1817, although it had destroyed some some twenty thousand pilgrims in a few days at the Hardwar festival of 1783, it was not recognized, even by the shrewd Anglo-Indian practitioners, as one of the fixed or indigenous diseases of Bengal. It drew special attention to itself in the lower valley of the Ganges in the spring of 1817; and it appeared on enquiry that there had been an epidemic of it at Parneah (Behar) the year before. The outburst of 1817 became general throughout Lower Bengal; but a complete remission occurred from December of that year to March 1818, when the disease was again prevailing at Allahabad. That year marks its extension over the greater part of India, including the Deccan and the Punjaub; and the disease henceforth figures regularly among the indigenous maladies of the country. Whatever evidence may be found of cholera-outbreaks in former centuries (and Macpherson has collected no fewer than sixty-four), it can hardly be doubted that those of 1817, 1818, and subsequent years were a new departure, and very different from all previous outbreaks. More particularly the lower basins of the Ganges and Brahmapootra began after a time to be looked upon as the 'endemic area' of cholera. The disease now comes forth regularly season after season; it is 'more in fruit of the earth;' and although it is more destructive one year than another, the annual mortality from it in Lower Bengal is always considerable. On the other hand, outside that area its visitations have been occasional, and of very various degrees of severity. The Punjaub and Upper Provinces have epidemics of cholera at intervals, just as Europe is from time to time invaded by it. The number of deaths from cholera in the Madras Presidency has ranged from the insignificant total of 313 in 1874 to the enormous figure of 357,430 in 1879. Beyond India, the hypothesis of continuous extension or of importation may account for an outbreak. The latest authorities include the alluvial basins of the Irrawaddy, Mekong, and other Eastern rivers side by side with the basins of the Ganges and Brahmapootra, as indigenous foci of the disease.

The 'endemic area' of cholera in the East is probably not more than seventy years old. There had, no doubt, been isolated outbreaks, especially during military operations, before that period; but not a regular tale of victims season after season at particular spots. Although the limits of the area of endemicity are somewhat vague, and have probably changed within the experience of men still living, the greater part of India remains liable just as other countries of the globe are liable to occasional outbreaks only of the disease. The great invasion of cholera throughout the world began within a few years of that remarkable establishment or domestication of the disease in Lower Bengal; but such general invasion has been always temporary. After describing the gradual progress of cholera from east to west through Central Asia, on the occasion of its first visit to Europe and America (it came no farther than Astrakhan on the previous occasion), Dr. Hirsch ends his long narrative of its foreign campaigns with these words :—

'The winter of 1837-38 brings the second pandemic of cholera to a close; the disease died out during the winter at every point in the immense territory which it had overrun in the period from 1826 to 1837. For the next ten years the soil of Europe, Africa, and America was completely free from it.'

Again, when it landed at Toulon from Cochin-China in June 1884, there had been a clear interval of eleven years during which no one had been suffering from it in any part of Europe. It is said, indeed that there has not been absolutely the same clean bill from Asiatic cholera in certain parts of Southern Russia as in the rest of the Europe; that there have been fitful outbreaks here and there among troops in garrison, as well as village epidemics in remote districts, which have not come to public notice. There is certainly no *prima facie* reason against a degree of domestication in alluvial and filth-sodden soil even in Europe.

Those who have conversed with Anglo-Indians on the subject of cholera will have observed, that their view of the disease is often entirely at variance with our European notions. To them cholera is an affair of unperceived emanations from the soil, which are more active at some seasons than at others. Within the endemic area the influence is nearly always present for those who lay themselves open to its attack. If its victims become more numerous for a time, in a village or district, there is an epidemic of it; but no one thinks of tracing the spread of the malady from person to person, or by intercourse from village to village. Even in the great epidemic outbursts in the Punjaub and Upper Provinces, or in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies, it is only now and then that transmission by the sick from place to place is thought of. In the quiet course of its existence in Lower Bengal, cholera makes up its total of, say, fifty thousand deaths in the year, by taking off individuals here and there. New arrivals in the Hoogly; strangers passing through Calcutta; troops on the march who had camped on some likely spot; travellers who had slept in some notorious bungalow, or had moored their riverboat to a certain landing-place; pilgrims who have been indulging in a debauch, or who have been peculiarly exposed to chill, or who have been neglectful of some incantions in the use of cathartic drugs, or have laid themselves open to attack in some other subtle and inscrutable way—these are the ordinary subjects of cholera in its native seats. Here and there one is taken and thousands are left; or, at the height of the cholera-season, the tale of victims is increased three-or-four-fold; so that several cases come in close succession in the same cluster of huts or in a number of villages in the same district or among the troops in a garrison, giving the semblance of an epidemic.

Some idea of the incidence of cholera in India, in one of its worst epidemic outbreaks, may be gathered from the following facts, recorded (along with many more equally instructive) by Surgeon-General J. M. Cuningham. In 1882 the North-Western Provinces suffered severely from cholera, the total deaths reaching the unprecedented figure of 89,372. In 10,838 of the whole 105,421 towns and villages within the area, cases of cholera were reported; these affected spots being distributed, on the whole, uniformly over the province. The mortality locally (although it may be somewhat misleading to strike an average) was a little over eight deaths in the season or year. Thus, the influence may be said to have been generally diffused over the length and breadth of the provinces; it caused deaths in one village or town out of every ten; and some 90,000 victims have to be distributed over nearly 11,000 centres. Whatever may have led to the selection of particular spots, and within these to the selection of particular persons, hardly any one in India believes that transmission by the sick explains the diffusion and distribution of the disease. When the disease travels from place to place, it travels like a mole underground; and this is, in fact, the inference that was forced upon those who watched the spread of cholera last year, from village to village in Murcia and other alluvial parts of Spain. It is as if a poison were diffused, not in the air, but in the pores of the ground; and it is clear that the mode of diffusion may be, in part at least the same whether it extends by continuity from the borders of the endemic area in India, or whether the starting-point be a newly created focus on European soil, made by a quantum of the virus there deposited. The experiences of the Madras Presidency suggest, that the real distinction is not between India and extra-Indian countries, but between the 'endemic areas' of cholera and all other parts of the globe. The Southern Presidency, which had only 313 deaths from cholera in 1874 had 357,430 deaths in 1877, out of a population of nearly twenty-nine millions; giving a higher death-rate than has ever been recorded for Bengal itself, or in the most appalling of the epidemics on European soil, such as those of Hungary in 1872-73, of Russia in 1871-72, and of Italy and Sicily in 1867.

It can hardly be doubted that Asiatic cholera, as a species of disease marked by such endemic and diffusive characters as these, has come into existence since the first twenty years of the present century. What then has been the aggravation of circumstances within that period? In seeking to answer the question, we must keep in mind the nature of the malady and its analogues. The site of an Indian religious festival has, until the more strict sanitary supervision of recent times, been often the scene of autochthonous outbursts of cholera. This is the natural consequence of soil and air charged with the excrementitious effluvia of a vast multitude; the true choleraic seizures being usually preceded, for a day or two, by a number of more ordinary cases of intestinal disorder, such as are known to be caused by filth-strewn ground in this country. The endemicity of cholera in Lower Bengal means that the same state of soil which used to arise from time to time as the great religious fairs, has been gradually and permanently induced over a wide tract of soil in the basins and delta of the Ganges and Brahmapootra. There is indeed reason to suspect the existence throughout the country of such excrementitious pollution of the soil, due, first of all, to the personal habits of the villagers, which are the cause of that odour stercoreus that we read of as arising round a Bengali village. These habits are not peculiar to Bengal; but they are different from those of China. There is also a certain peculiar decomposition of human exuviæ in the soil caused by the porous character of the surface layer of alluvium (ten feet deep), or of laterite; the presence of sub-soil water close to the surface all over Lower Bengal; and the flooding of the ground during the rainy months of June, July, August, and September, and the drying of it at other seasons. The alternating seasons of rain and drought cause regular movements of the subsoil water up and down; movements which are known to favour decomposition of the organic matters in the soil, and to favour their exhalation into the air. Owing to the nearness of the subsoil water to the surface, the influence of all these movements is directly and speedily felt, instead of being remote or uncertain, as it would be if the stratum of underground water were at a greater depth. Such is the soil of the endemic areas of cholera; and such also is the soil that has been proved in innumerable cases to be the first seat of cholera when it comes to Europe.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Bangalore, 1,308 tons, Captain J. W. Baldwin, sailed yesterday in ballast for Chittagong.

THE steamer Maulkins Tower 1,808 tons, cleared last evening under Captain J. Thomsen for Naples and Palermo with a general cargo.

THE steamer Kohinur, 1,935 tons, Captain J. Bullock, sails to-day with a general cargo and five deck passengers for coast and Calcutta.

THE steamer Castleford, 2,005 tons, Captain D. Jones, arrived in Bombay yesterday afternoon with a general cargo from Glasgow (Jan. 8).

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ethiopia, 1,314 tons, Capt. W. S. Peterson, arrived in Bombay yesterday from Calcutta (Jan. 15) with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. H. A. Ackworth, Mr. H. Ranisden and Mr. G. Gordon.

THE steamer Africa, sailed yesterday under Captain J. Couper, for coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Revd Seller, for Calicut, and 5 deck passengers to coast and Calcutta; and 81 crew of the S. S. Markara for Colombo.

THE Italian Mail steamer Singapore, Captain G. Parodi, arrived on the 9 Inst. from Genoa. The following is the list of passengers :—From Genoa,—Mr. and Mrs. Best, Mr. and Mrs. Neale, Sign. Don Ignazia da Costa and Family, Mr. Alfred Falch, Mr. Siebes, Mr. C. Lombardo, Mr. P. Giacchim, Mr. and Mrs. Moir, Captain Clark, Mrs Plowden and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Maubeon, Mr. T. Skinner. From Aden—22 Deck Passengers.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

10TH FEBRUARY, 1887.

Vessels.	Nos. Tonnage.	Captains.	Guns.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Singapore	..	.....	A	Bonsoni & Co.
,, Britannia	1921	F. Blight.....	B	W. S.S. Graham & Co.
,, Verona	...	.....	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Kaiser-i-Hind	2400	E. G. Stead	...	P. & O. Co.
,, C. Cameron	1585	J. R. Kewley ..	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, Threnfels	1518	A. Fisher	G	Glade & Co.
,, Hasland	1143	J. Berry	H J	R. Bamonjee.
,, City of Canterbury ..	2009	A. B. Gray.....	K	Sir D. Forbes & Co.
,, M. Tower	.....	.....	M	H. Craig & Co.
,, Kt. of St. John	2286	J. L. Shull	O	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Inchlonga ..	1908	J. G. Gallichan..	P	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, A. Craig....	1872	W. Burges.....	Q	J. Mackintosh & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
9	Singapore (s)	Parodi.....	Genoa, Jan. 20.
10	Ethiopia (s)	Peterson.....	Calcutta, Jan. 15.
	Yacht Sunbeam	Brassey	Karachi, Feb. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
10	Bhownagar (s)	Nakoda	Bhownagar.
	Kistna (s)	Glover	San Francisco.
	Africk (s)	Cooper	Coast and Calcutta.
	Bangalore (s)	Baldwin	Chittagong.
	M. Tower (s)	Thompsen ..	Naples & Palermo.

The steamer Amphitrite commenced loading yesterday for Colombo and China.

The steamer Kohinur, Captain Bullock, obtained her port clearance last evening for coast and Calcutta.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.		
5	Mount Tabor s	Liverpool.
6	Umvoti s	Natal.
	Argo s	Colombo.
	Clive s	Calcutta.
7	Bucephalus s	Singapore.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.		
4	Duke of Buccleuch s	London.
	Nurjehan s	Bombay.
	Camoria s	Singapore.
5	Asia s	Negapatam.
6	Canning s	Rangoon.
	Alcesta	Calcutta.
	Argo s	Calcutta.
	Clive s	Rangoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Canterbury (s), 100 bales cotton droppings F. L. Bottleboy; 115 bales cotton, W. Valnikar 10 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 56 bales cotton M. Govindji; 50 bales cotton, B. and A. Hormarji 130 bales cotton, M. Bhimji.

Britannia (s), 900 bales cotton, G. Bythell and Co; 97 cwts coir yarn, F. L. Bottleboy; 13 cases bristles, F. L. Bottleboy; 4 casks castor oil and 1 cask cocoanuts, F. L. Bottleboy; 231 bales cotton, D. Sassoon and Co; 137 bales gunny bags, Soonderdas Dossa; 53 bales wool, G. Rungoomal.

FOR BRINDISI.

Verona (s,) 1 box indigo, Volkart Brothers.

FOR LONDON.

Storn Queen (s), 600 bales cotton, G. Bythell and Co 10,000 cwts wheat, J. Fachiri; 71 cwt lac, C. P Cama; 26 cases bristles, Lang Moir and Co. 255 bales cotton, G. Lockart and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

Verona (s), 5 bales cotton, The Bombay Co, Limited; 10 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Verona (s), 9 boxes indigo, Volkart Brothers.

Clan Cameron (s), 50 bales cotton, H. M. Ebraim and M. Jaffer; 2 bales goat skins, E. Latham and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Avlona (s), 470 bales cotton, G. Bythell and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Maulkins Tower (s), 1,000 cwts wheat, A. Blaschcek and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR VALENCIA.

Ehrenfels (s), 3,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Berenice (s), 847 cwts myrabolams, A. Schweiger; 110 bales cotton, J. Fachiri.

FOR VENICE.

Verona (s), 58 boxes indigo, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Altnacraig (s), 200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton, G. Lockhart and Co; 10 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

Kt. of St. John (s), 400 bales cotton, G. Bythell and Co; 100 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 60 cwts. fenugreek, Volkart Bros.

FOR KOBE

Amphitrite (s), 400 bales twist, J. D. Sassoon and Co; 100 bales twist, Ratansee Moolji; 7 bales twist Jamsetji Mg. Co; 25 bales twist; N. J. Abhraham.

FOR YOKAHAMA.

Amphitrite (s), 7 bales twist, Jamsetji Manfg, Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Amphitrite (s), 301 bales twist, J. D. Sassoon and Co; 250 bales twist H. A. Esmail; 250 bales twist, N. J. Abhram; 381 bales twist, D. Sassoon and Co; 1,500 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 483 bales twist, R. S. Woonwalla and Co; 98 bales twist, The Bo. Cotton Mg Co; 700 bales twist, S. Abhraham; 75 bales twist C. Bomanji and Co; 249 bales twist, S. N. Talate and Co; 50 tons old iron, Volkart Bros.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Amphitrite (s), 100 bales twist, N. J. Abhraham; 285 bales, D. Sassoon and Co; 254 bales twist. J. D. Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twiest, S. Abhraham

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 9.

Fannin, Major, Mad: M. S., going home from Secanderabad.

Pottinger, Vety Surgon., Bo., A. V. D., on leave, to England, from Poona.

Mcnale, Major, Bl., 8th Bl., Cavalry., from Furlough, from England.

FEBRUARY 10.

Hughes, Surgeon Major, Bo., Med. Service, on leave, from Belgaum.

Attree, Capt., Mad., R. E., on leave, to England, from Bangalore.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 9.

Beckett, Lt-Col., Bl. Mil. Works on duty, to Bareilly.

Swire, Capt. Bo., A. P.D., on duty, to Poona.

FEBRUARY 10.

Burt., Vety-Surgeon., Bl., A. V.D., on duty, to Barrackpur.

Hoskyn, Capt. Bl., R. E., on duty, to Nagpur.

Gardner, Lt-Col., Bl., Suffolk Regt., on duty, to B. Pindi.

Durrant, Vety-Surgn. Mad., A. V. D., to rejoin, to Secanderabad.

Murray, Lt., Bo., 19th Regt. N. I. on leave, to Matheran.

Adam, Col., Bo., Offg. Qr.-Mr. Genl., on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B.V.R.C.

Bombay, February 11, 1887.

1. The Regiment will parade for drill under the Commandant, on Saturday, the 12th instant. Fall in at the Town Hall, at 5 p.m. Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant Road, Girgaum and Prince's Dock at 4-30 p.m., and those met on their way, will have their fares paid; members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors. The following movements will be practised on parade :—Sections 23, (1, 4 and 5), 27 (1) 28,30 (2), 37 (1 and 2) and the attack formation, 20 Rounds of Blank Ammunition per man.

2. After the *Feu de Joie* has been practised the Cadets, until the attack, will be drilled by a Mounted Officer apart from the rest of the Battalion.

3. As the Regiment on the morning of Wednesday, the 16th inst., will take part in the Brigade Parade on the Oval and immediately afterwards march to, and form the guard of honour in front of the steps of the Town Hall, the Commandant particularly requests that all members of the Corps who possibly can will attend the Parade on Saturday afternoon, the 12th inst.

4. The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will be held at head-quarters, this day, Friday, the 11th inst., at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

5. Officers Commanding Companies of Volunteers and Cadets are requested to furnish a return of the number of bugles in their possession.

6. Vol. Chas Vernon. A Company, is granted leave of absence for six months from this date.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. HODGKINSON, Capt.,
Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Feb. 10.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 1st Jan 1887 :—16th Regt Bo Infy—Jamadar Rahim Bakhsh to be Subhedar vice Assa Singh, pensioned, and Havaldar-Major Dilkar Khan, to be Jamadar, vice Rahim Bakhsh, promoted.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on medical cerificate for twelve months, from date of being struck off duty :—Lieut-Col E R Reay, Genl List, 3d Bo Infy, Wing Gamdr, 13th Bo Infy.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India, to return to duty :—Major D W K Barr, S C; Surgn E W Young, I M S; and Surgn-Major I B Lyon, I M S.

The undermentioned officer has been allowed by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified :—Surgn-Major R Boustead, I M S, three months, medical certificate; and Lieut Col J Withers, S C, three months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on private affairs for one year :—Col E S Ottrebani, S C, Assist Commissary Genl, 1st Class.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on private affairs for one year :— Major T Teed, S C, Assist Commissary Genl, Second Class.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 1st Jany 1887 :—13th Regt Bo Infy—Drill Havaldar Buta Khan, to be Jamadar, vice Attar Khan, pensioned.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev C Walford, M A, Bombay Ecclesiastical Estabt, whose leave expired on the 18th Dec 1886, has been allowed by the Secy of State for India to retire from the Service.

The Rev J F Forbes, M A, Bombay Ecclesiastical Estabt, has been granted by the Secy of State for India, a further extension of leave for six months on medical certificate.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr R MacEwen, Assist Engr, Tansa Dam Works is appointed to be a Special Magistrate in the Shahapur Taluka of the Thana Dist.

Rao Saheb Kashinath Balkrishna Marathe, B A, LLB, Second Class Subordinate Judge at Hubli, is appointed to act, in addition to his own duties, as First Class Subordinate Judge of Dharwar, during the absence of Rao Bahadur Gopal Vinayak Bhanap on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J Sadlier to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Govt of Bombay other than the Presidency Magistrates.

Ramchandra, Acting Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Chikodi in the district of Belgaum, was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 1st to the 7th Oct, and from the 11th Oct to the 9th Nov 1886, both days inclusive.

Mr Venkaji Ramchandra, Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Chikodi in the district of Belgaum, was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 10th Nov to the 19th Dec 1886, both days inclusive.

Rao Saheb Chunilal Dalpatram Kavishwar assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Kairs in the Ahmedabad Dist on the 19th Jan 1887.

Mr Kakubhai Jeyaing, Clerk of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Kairs in the Ahmedabad Dist, was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 2nd to the 19th Jan 1887, both days inclusive.

Rao Bahadur Babaji Laikshman Sawant is appointed to do duty as First Class Subordinate Judge of Poona, during the absence of Khan Sahadur Manekji Nasarwanji Nanavati, or till further orders.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Bapuji Modholkar, Mamlatdar of Bhimthadi in the district of Poona, is appointed to be a Magiste of the Third Class in the district of Poona.

Azam Dhondo Laxman Marathe, Acting Mahalkari of Malcolm Peth, in the district of Satara, is appointed to be a Magiste of the Third Class in the district of Satara.

Rao Saheb Bindu Gopal, Probationary Mamlatdar of Taluka Sangola in the district of Sholapur, is appointed to be a Magiste of the Second Class in the district of Sholapur.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr R L Khambati, B A, Assist Depy Educational Inspr, Kairs, is appointed to act as Depy Educational Inspr, Surat, during the absence of Rao Saheb Mohanlal Ranchordas Jhaveri, or till further orders.

Mr Pestonji Jamsedji Padsha, M A, assumed charge of his appointment of Actg Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in the Arts College, Ahmedabad, on the 11th ultimo.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The following oppointments were made in the Registration Department :—Belgaum Dist Mr Achut Balaji, Offg Sub-Registrar of Gokak, from 28th Oct to 27th Nov 1816, and Mr. Ramchandra Appaji, Offg Sub Registrar of Hukeri, from 4th Nov to 11th Dec 1816.

Sholapur Dist.—Mr Balvant Keshav, Off Sub-Registrar of Pandharpur, from 28h Dec 1886 to 2nd Jan 1897.

Ahmedabad Dist—Mr Maganlal Harjivandas, Offg Sub-Registrar of Sanand, from 11th to 16th Jany 1887.

Khandesh Dist—Mr Raghunath Vinayak, Offg Sub-Registrar of Erandol, from 1st Oct to 30th Nov 1886; Mr Shrikrishna Anandrao, Offg Sub-Registrar of Pachora, from 27th Sept to 26th Dec 1886; Mr Sakharam Lato, Offg Sub-Registrar of Bhusaval, from 13th to 18th Dec 1886; and Mr Vinayak Balvant, Offg Sub-Registrar of Sindkheda, from 22nd Nov to 21st Dec 1886.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Rao Bahadur Choitram Ramchandra to be fifth grade Depy Collr in Sind, vice Khan Bahadur Mirza Ali Mahomad deceased; and Rao Saheb Gianchand Harumal to be sixth grade Depy Collr in Sind vice Rao Bahadur Choitram Ramchandra, promoted.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J W A Weir, C S, to be an Assist Collr in Sind.

Mr G M Ryan, Sub-Assist Conservr of Forest, third grade, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr C B Pritchard, C S, C S I, Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr W Lee-Warner, MA, C S, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, with effect from the 5th inst.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Sec 40 of Act II of 1886, to appoint Mr J McLeod Campbell, C S, Actg Collr of Bombay, to be Commissioner for the Town and Island of Bombay to dispose of petitions received under Sect 27 of the Act and to exercise the powers conferred on a Commissioner of a Division by Sub-section 2 of Sec 34 of the Act, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Mr J H Grant, C S, or until further orders.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Rao Bahadur P P Chandanani, L C E, Exc Eng, fourth grade, is appointed to act as Exc Eng, Kanara, during the absence of Capt Lister, RE, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS &c.,

The Dist Judge of Surat has granted Rao Saheb Nagardas Narotamdas Nanavati, Subordinate Judge of Dipad, privilege leave on half pay from the 10th Feb to the 20th March 1887, both days inclusive.

The Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature have been pleased to sanction the

BANKS.

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HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

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RESERVE FUND.....4000 000

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Acting Manager.

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" " 6 " ..... 4 per cent. "
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A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

BURMA, AFTER THE CONQUEST,

VIEWED IN ITS POLITICAL, SOCIAL, AND COMMERCIAL ASPECTS,

FROM

MANDALAY,

BY

GRATTAN GEARY,

FELLOW OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY, AUTHOR OF "THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY," AND EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

"Having written this brief volume on 'Burma After the Conquest,' the idea occurs to me that the chief excuse for the book is to be found in the circumstance that it fulfils, by accident, or fate, though not of set purpose, the office which the Provost Marshal's camera accomplished in placing on record the effect of the bullets on the dacoits executed at Mandalay. It brings into a focus the hopes and fears, the actions and the passions, in play during the interregnum in Burma, between the deposition of King Theebaw and the advent of Lord Dufferin, to pronounce the decree fixing the future of the country."—*Author's Preface.*

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☞ The GUIDE for February has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

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IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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And all the London Wholesale Houses.
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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTIS

NOTICES.

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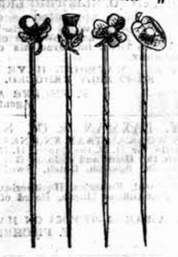
A SET OF FOUR GOLD "NATIONAL PLANT" SCARF PINS, REPRESENTING

INDIA ..... by the Lotus.
ENGLAND ..... „ Oak.
SCOTLAND ..... „ Thistle.
IRELAND ..... „ Shamrock

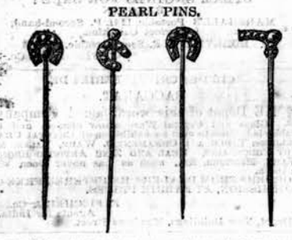


These Pins are also admirably adapted for LADIES' USE, and are, indeed, fashionable for the purpose being worn in the bonnet strings and dress.

CASH PRICES.

The Acorn and "Thistle" pins .....Rs. 16 each.
The Lotus and "Shamrock" pins..... „ 12 „
If the set of 4 be purchased Rs. 50, supplied in Morocco case holding the set.

PEARL PINS.



Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 11 cash. Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 13 cash.

GIPSY LACE BROOCHES.

These Pearl-set Brooches are the height of the fashion. The settings are of 18-carat gold; the designs are exquisite; and the finish unsurpassed. Ladies wear any number up to half-a-dozen in the dress and bonnet strings.

Rs. 30 cash. Rs. 12 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 11 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 10 cash.

LAWN-TENNIS PRESENTATION BROOCH

A PRETTY GOLD AND PLATINUM BROOCH, Set with Pearls.
Rs. 35 cash.
Without the Pearls, Rs. 27 cash, complete in Morocco Case.

GOLD KEY BROOCH.
Set with Pearls. Rs. 40 cash.

SPLINTER BAR AND HORSE-SHOE GOLD BROOCH
Rs. 27 cash.
Ditto set with Diamonds.
Rs. 113 cash.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,
JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

GRIMES' TEN GUINEA OUTFIT FOR INDIA.

A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS AND EXCELLENCE

- A DINNER SERVICE in best stone China.
- A BREAKFAST and TEA SERVICE in Porcelain.
- A COMPLETE SERVICE OF TABLE GLASS in finest Crystal, elegant shapes. *(All the above complete for twelve persons.)*
- A TOILET SERVICE of superior quality.
- A handsome DUPLEX TABLE LAMP.

All Packed complete in iron-bound case.

GRIMES' CANTEEN containing Electro-plate and Cutlery for 12 persons £16-16-0.

T. R. GRIMES & SON,
83, NEW BOND St., LONDON, W.
Orders may be sent direct (enclosing remittance) or through Messrs. William Watson & Co., Bombay, where an outfit can be seen.

CARRIAGE OR PALKI CLOCKS.

SO called because, having watch movements and being fitted into a handy, portable form of case, they are perfectly adapted to the requirements of Travellers by sea or by land. They all go for eight days, or in other words, require to be wound once a week. They go in any position, and are unaffected by rough or violent movement. *They are protected by strong leather cases fitted with hand straps for carrying them about.* The frames are of solid bronze richly gilded, or of nickel, or enamelled, having thick plate-glass panels all round with polished bevelled edges, and fitted so accurately that neither dust nor damp can enter. Those that strike are spoken of as Clocks, and those without striking parts as Time-pieces.

3½ Inch high, cylinder Time-pieces	Rs. 35
4½ do. do. do.	„ 45
Medium size, 4½ to 5 inch high, Time-piece, nickel and gilt, sound cylinder movement	„ 55
The same with alarum	„ 65
4½ Inch high, plain gilt Time-pice with lever movement	„ 70
The same with alarum	„ 90
4½ In. high clock, with superior horizontal movement	„ 90
The same with lever movement	„ 100
5½ In. high do. do.	„ 115
The same with repeater actions	„ 125
The same repeater and alarum	Rs. 130 & „ 140
Do. nickel and gilt, extra finish	„ 200
Lever Escapement, alarum with two Bells striking quarters	„ 225
Highly finished Fancy Enamelled case, chiming quarters on two gongs with alarum	„ 275
Largest size, 15 inch high, chiming quarters on four bells, and striking the hours on a gong	„ 450
The Mignon Carriage Time-piece, 2½ in. high, with enamelled or gilt dial, smallest size	„ 120
Do. do. extra Finish	„ 150
Enamel case, 3 in. high, cylinder	„ 75
The Mignon Carriage Clock, in Enamelled case, with lever movement, highest quality, extra finish	„ 280

THE ARMY AND NAVY CLOCK.

Like the Carriage Clock, has a watch movement. The objects chiefly aimed at, are still greater portability and subordinating decorative appearance altogether to utility. It has a strong, well-finished solid brass Lever movement, 5-inch Enamelled dial with bold figures, going Eight Days, striking hours and half-hours, in solid plain case with lock and key. A sound and serviceable article on which dependence can be placed.....Rs. 75

The same as above 6-inch dial	„ 80
Do. Time-piece with seconds hand.	„ 65
Second quality Time-piece with 5-in. dial	„ 35
Do. do 3½-in. dial	„ 30
Small Drum Time-pieces and Clocks, in brass or nickel, of various qualities, with Watch movements	Rs. 5 to 60

Price List of Wall Clocks, Bracket Clocks, Hall or Library Clocks, post free on application to

MARCKS AND Co., LIMITED,
(OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,)
BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers through ut the World.
ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
„ KEMP & Co., Bombay.

LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS—PORTABLE OR PERMANENT.

W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send particulars to
AGENTS FOR NATIVE PRINCES,
MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES,
ESTATE AND PLANTATION PROPRIETORS,
CONTRACTORS, MERCHANTS,
AND OTHER GENTLEMEN INTERESTED IN THE ABOVE.
MANUFACTURER OF LIGHT RAILWAYS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

These Works are now (April, 1885) engaged on pressing orders for the

SUAKIM-BERBER RAILWAY.

W. G. BAGNALL, CASTLE ENGINE WORKS, STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

CARLTON WHISKEY. RICHD MATHEWS & CO'S TRADE MARK

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows :—

The oldest and best (11 Years Old) } as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule.*
The next best (5 Years Old) } as "OF GREAT AGE," *Red Capsule.*

WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION, MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Shippers, London.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.
CALCUTTA
SECUNDERABAD
BOMBAY
FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.'S
CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES,
IN METAL CASES.
Open-face, Rs. 25. Hunting, Rs. 28. Cut-hunting, Rs. 30.
IN STERLING SILVER CASES.
Open-face, Rs. 40. Hunting, Rs. 45. Cut-hunting, Rs. 50.
ARE ACKNOWLEDGED
To be the best and most suitable Watches for rough and daily use procurable.
2 Years' Guarantee.
FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.
LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Peabody Avenue, London, England.

Rowlands' Macassar Oil

has been known for nearly 120 years as the best and safest preserver, restorer and beautifier of the human hair. It is warranted free from any lead or mineral ingredients, of which most hair restorers are composed and which ruin the health (vide Medical papers), will keep fresh and sweet in the hottest climates and has a delicate and fragrant bouquet of roses; it prevents hair falling off or turning grey, strengthens weak hair, eradicates scurf or dandruff and renders the hair soft, silky, curly and glossy; it also stimulates the growth of whiskers and moustaches; it is especially recommended for children as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair, and can also be had in a

GOLDEN COLOUR,

which, after great time and trouble, has been especially prepared for the use of golden-haired children and fair or grey-haired adults. Sizes 3s. 6d., 7s., family bottles, equal to four small, 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR is a healing and refreshing preparation for the face, hands and arms; it eradicates freckles, tan, sunburn, eczema, redness and roughness of the skin, pimples, cutaneous eruptions, etc., and produces a beautiful and delicate complexion.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a delightful fragrance to the breath. Ask anywhere for ROWLANDS' articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid spurious imitations under similar names.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS:—
TREACHER & Co., BYCULLA AND FORT, BOMBAY.

"MOLLISCORIUM."

For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing
HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,
ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION.

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

For Maintaining a Beautiful Black.

May be ordered through any House in the Trade, either here or in the United Kingdom.
VANNER & PREST, Manufacturers and Patentees, London.

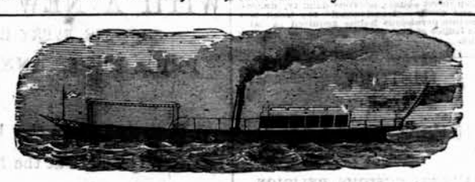
Æsculap

THE ONLY TASTELESS APERIENT.
HUNGARIAN
NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

Highest Award at the International Medical Exhibition, London, 1881.

ÆSCULAP GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND ULTIMATE CURE IN ALL CASES OF CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, AFFECTIONS OF THE STOMACH AND LIVER, GOUT, HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, GRAVEL AND KIDNEY AFFECTIONS.
INVALUABLE FOR CORRECTING THE ILL EFFECTS OF ERROR OR EXCESS IN DIET.
ÆSCULAP COMBINES IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE THE APERIENT PROPERTIES OF ALL OTHER MINERAL WATERS WITH GREATER ALKALINITY AND NONE OF THEIR DEBILITATING INFLUENCE AND UNPLEASANT TASTE.
ÆSCULAP IS UNSURPASSED FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN. AND BUDA PESTH.
THE ÆSCULAP BITTER WATER COMPANY, LIMITED, 38, SNOW HILL, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON, E.C.

AGENTS:—KEMP & Co., Ld., for Bombay and the Presidency.



YARROW'S
SMALL STEAMERS AND STEAM LAUNCHES.

Screw Steamers with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.
Paddle Steamers with draft ranging down to 6 inches of water.
Stern Wheel Steamers with very shallow draft especially suitable for river navigation.

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT ABROAD.

YARROW & CO., POPLAR, LONDON, E.
Builders of the Stern Wheel Steamers used by the British Government for the Nile Expedition.

NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

IS A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL Use.

PAIN KILLER has never failed when used according to printed directions including each bottle, and it may safely be relied on in the most threatened hands.

PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Toothache, Pleurisy, Cramps, Chalera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Chalera, and all Bowel Complaints.

PAIN KILLER IS THE BEST remedy known for Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism, and Neuralgia.

PAIN KILLER IS IMMEDIATE in its effects. Nothing will relieve pain so quickly and permanently after taking as PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. Cures Hysterics, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, etc.

PAIN KILLER is the well tried and trusted friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Miner, Sailor, and in fact all classes, wanting a medicine always at hand, and safe to use internally or externally with certainty of relief.

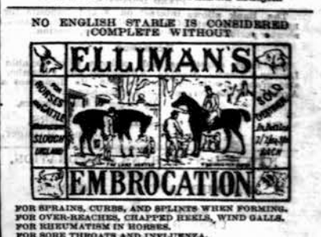
No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

Beware of worthless imitations.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I., Proprietors.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY:
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Peer Market near Jumma Musjid.

NO ENGLISH STABLE IS CONSIDERED (COMPLETE WITHOUT

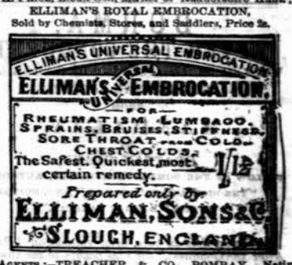


FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR FOOT ROT, AND SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

SPECIMEN TESTIMONIALS.
From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
"Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1, 1876.
"Sirs,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables. I think it very useful.
RUTLAND.
"Master of Belvoir Hunt."

"Castle Weir, Kington, Herefordshire, Dec. 3rd, 1876.
"Gentlemen,—I use the Royal Embrocation in my stables and kennels, and have found it very serviceable. I have also used the Universal Embrocation for lumbago and rheumatism for the last two years, and have suffered very little since using it.
R. H. PRICE, Lieut.-Col., Master of Radnorshire Hunt."

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION,
Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.



AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY. Native dealers and other large buyers supplied.

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL AND FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AT THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

BOOTS POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots. Patent Elastic Dress Boots. Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf. Balmoral Boots. Button Boots. } Superior in style and excellent in quality, 25s. } Finest quality we can produce 30s.

Grain Hide Shooting Boots, 24s.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS.
ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved	18s. 6d.
Very superior	21s. 0d.
Finest possible quality	25s. 0d.
Satin, Kid, and Patent "Louise" Evening Shoes	30s. 0d.
Morocco Oxford House Shoes	5s. 6d.
Do. with French heels	7s. 0d.
Merino Slippers, all colors	4s. 6d.

FOR LONG WALKS.
HYGEIA BOOTS.
(Registered.)
With specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials, and Form.

LADIES' 30s. GENTLEMEN'S 35s.

Fully described in New Catalogue. Every order, *accompanied by remittance for the price named*, will be sent POST PAID, and if possible despatched by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved T. D. M. and B. are making Children's boots on the same principle.

A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

Remittances may be made in Government of India notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,
444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W. S.

ATKINSON'S
ENGLISH PERFUMERY,
renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and essential fragrance.
PARIS, 1878, CALCUTTA, 1884,
for pre-eminent excellence of quality,
Atkinson's Newest Perfumes are
FAORLA & CHERIDIEM,
ATKINSON'S
CELEBRATED EAU DE COLOGNE,
ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.

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